SCRATCHING MAKES IT WORSE!
END ECZEMA THE EASY WAY
JUST APPLY POWELL'S KURAIN. THIS LOTION GIVES INSTANT RELIEF FROM RINGWORM, ECZEMA, DHOBIE'S ITCH & OTHER SKIN AFFLICTIONS. AVAILABLE AT ALL CHEMISTS.
Powell's KURAIN
THE SPECIFIC FOR ECZEMA

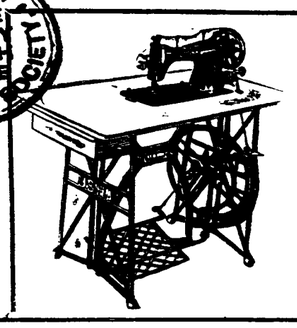
Regd. No. B. 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

VOL. XXXVI NO. 213 BOMBAY: MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 11, 1950 PRICE 2 ANNAS Air Surcharge 6 Pies

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY



FOR BEST PERFORMANCE BUY USHA SEWING MACHINES EQUALS THE WORLD'S BEST

Reds Launch Biggest Offensive In An

All-out Bid To Take Taegu Today

ASSAULT AFTER ARTILLERY DUEL

Spear-heads Within 6 Miles Of City

TOKYO, Sept. 11, (PTI-Reuter).

COMMUNIST SHOCK TROOPS EARLY THIS MORNING SWEPT DOWN ON AMERICAN FORCES DEFENDING THE NORTHERN APPROACH TO THE KEY CITY OF TAEGU.

Two divisions were behind this assault which American Eighth Army headquarters expected to be "the biggest offensive of which the Communists are capable."

The attack began shortly past midnight in the wake of a two hour artillery barrage which had severed American frontline communications and supplies.

At one A. M. fierce fighting was reported to be in progress about eighth miles north of Taegu.

American aircraft flew low over the battle field despite the darkness and strafed the Communist lines.

Taegu, blacked out for the first time, had been expecting the new Communist onslaught for six hours.

Spear-heads of the Communists were within six miles of the city last night and another threat was reported from the northwest where a Communst battalion was moving down the roads from Waegwan.

TOO MANY FISTS

Lieutenant-General Walton H. Walker, Commander of the United Nations Ground Forces said: "We are not in much danger but we are going to get some more bloody noses because the Communists have too many fists."

OTHER ASSAULTS

Other assaults on Taegu were reported from the northwestern and southwestern approaches.

In the southwestern, Communists were reported to be pushing forward just downstream from the British-held sector of the Naktong River.

In the northwest, one battalion of northerners attacked and overran an American position six miles from the city on the Waegwan Road.

A Communist prisoner said his forces had orders to take Taegu by sunset today (Monday).

Refugees were streaming into the city this morning. About 35,000 of them have arrived in the past five days.

CHIEF DEAD

TOKYO: The North Koreans announced tonight that the Communist Army's Chief of State, Kans Kun was "killed in battle" on Friday night. Kun was also Vice Minister for war.

Floods In Amritsar Subsiding

AMRITSAR, Sept. 10 (PTI).—The floods in Amritsar districts have now considerably subsided.

There has been great damage to houses in rural area, according to reports received here. No loss of life has been reported.

Relief measures are being pursued with the restoration of road and rail traffic in the affected areas.

BAN USE OF PANTLOONS

Dhoti, Kurta Suggested For National Dress

BOMBAY, Sunday:

A suggestion that the Congress session at Nasik should prescribe the national dress for Indians has been made by Mr. B N. Nigam, Honorary Secretary of the Removal of National Humiliations Conference, in a statement.

He says that the national dress should consist of a dhoti, kurta and a cap, introduced long ago by Mahatma Gandhi. Under no circumstances, he says, the use of pantloons and trousers should be allowed to form part of the national dress.

THIRD OF THE QUADS DIES

Only Survivor, A Girl

HONGKONG, Sept. 10 (PTI-Reuter).—Death today claimed the third of Hongkong's first guads, born twelve days ago to the wife of a Chinese coolie.

The only survivor is a girl, who weighed only three and three quarter pounds at birth.

The mother, 33 year old Lau Fai-Kee critically ill after her premature confinement, was said to be improving.

Her three dead babies were boys, the first succumbing only three days after the birth The second died on Friday.

Curfew In Seoni

NAGPUR, Sept. 9 (UPI): About eight persons received injuries, as a result of a minor fracas yesterday in Seoni, in Chhindwara district over a quarrel between a Hindu and a Muslim boy culminating in some sporadic fighting. Five of the injured persons have been admitted to hospital for rendering medical treatment and are stated to be progressing favourably.

An order under section 144 Cr. P. C. has been promulgated and curiew clamped on the city.

RETURN: Dr. A M. Malik Pakistani Minority Minster, said at Calcutta Friday that the return movement of Hindu migrants to East Bengal had begun and would develop into a very big movement soon "if nothing is done by the press or some leaders by unwarranted generalisations".

Typhoon Likely To Hit Tokyo

TOKYO, Sept. 10. (PTI-Reuter): A Typhoon nicknamed "kesia" bearing down on Japan is expected to hit Tokyo area about Tuesday, the Central Meteorological Observatory said tonight.

It was located moving in a north westerly direction at a speed of about 12 miles an hour over a radius of about 125 miles. Wind velocity of the typhoons centre was estimated to be about 113 mile per hour.

Weather experts said it might veer off, just scraping the Tokyo area and hitting northern Japan with its full impact.

It is the custom to give girls' names to typhoons.

PAKISTAN LABOUR MEETING

Demand For Ending Zamindari

KARACHI, Sept. 10 (PTI): The All-Pakistan Confderation of Labour today set up a 21-man Central Executive Board with Mr. M. A. Khatib, West Pakistan labour leader, as its president. Mr. Faiz Ahmed (East Pakistan) was elected as Secretary-General of the Board which includes Dr. A. M. Malik, Pakistan Minister for Minority Affairs.

The Confederation is understood to be taking steps to get itself affiliated to the International Confederation of Free Trade Unions.

The two-day conference of the representatives of the various amalgamating bodies demanded, among other things; the abolition of zamindari and jagirdari systems in Pakistan and distribution of land to the tillers of the soil.

Appeal For Exchange Of Prisoners

PARIS, Sept. 10 (PTI-Reuter).—The French High Command in Indo-China today broadcast an appeal to the Communist Viet-Minh Government for fresh discussion on the exchange of war prisoners, Agence France Presse reported from Saigon.

A meeting between both sides was held on August 20 near Kuanmy, Central Viet-Nam, when it was agreed that Viet-Minh should call the next discussions, the Agency said.

"No message having been received since, the French Command renewed its previous appeals.

Demand For Sikhistan

AMRITSAR, Sept. 10 (PTI).—The Working Committee of the Shiromani Akali Dal today adopted a resolution demanding a separate Punjabi-speaking Province.

Sardar Hukum Singh, M.P. presided at the meeting.

TANDON GOES 'UNDERGROUND'

LUCKNOW, Sept. 10 (PTI).

THE President-elect of the Indian National Congress Babu Purshottam Das Tandon, who left Lucknow two days ago by car for an unknown detination, has not yet returned here.

It is reported that Mr. Tandon has gone "underground" to write his presidential address.

Mr. Tandon is scheduled to leave for Nasik by special train on the evening of September 14.

MORE 'QUAKE SHOCKS IN DIBRUGARH

Turbulent River Impedes Relief Work

DIBRUGARH (Assam), Sept. 10 (PTI): Slight earthquake tremors were felt in Dibrugarh several times last night and twice early this morning.

A relief party, under a magistrate, with 350 maunds of rice in three boats today proceeded to Bardalani area on the banks of the Subansiri.

According to reports received here, turbulent currents of the Subansiri, carrying huge timber logs from hills, were blocking the passage of canoes and motor launches loaded with food and relief workers from Dibrugarh across the river. Most of the interior villages could not so far be reached by relief workers, the reports added.

REFUGEES TO RETURN

Pak Announcement

KARACHI, Sept. 10 (PTI).

Pakistan announced today that India had agreed to take back 6,000 refugees who cahme to West Pakistan from Uttar Pradesh in India between February 1 and May 31. The announcement added that there were in addition to the 5,000 already taken back by India.

Half of them will leave for India during September and the remaining during October.

U.S. TROOPS FOR EUROPE

Will Reach Before The Spring

FRANKFURT, Sept. 10 (PTI-Reuter): General Mark W. Clark, chief of the United States Army Field Forces, said here today that there would not be much delay in sending to Western Europe the increased American forces which President Truman promised yesterday.

General Clark who arrived here by air from Washington this afternoon "to visit overseas theatres and report on the combat readiness of American troops", said he thought battle-trained troop reinforcements would reach Europe before the spring.

Evacuating Marooned People In Assam

ARMY RESCUE SQUAD LEAVES FOR BALIGAON

SHILLONG, Sept. 10, (PTI).

AN army rescue squad, under Caption Limbu of the Assam Rifles, has left Pathalipam to evacuate 2,500 marooned people in Baligaon on the East Bank of the Subansiri, writes the P.T.I. Staff Correspondent at Shillong.

The party, equipped with wireless and medical supplies, will have to fight five miles of strong currents to reach Baligaon. The marooned people there are in dire distress and have asked for immediate help.

Three thousand people have so far been evacuated from submerged villages to Pathalipam and Bagom tea garden areas. On Friday last, an Army squad evacuated 127 persons, including 76 miris. All rescued persons have been given preventive inoculations.

Sixty-six miris, twelve coolies and 98 gassis, have been washed away by the Subansiri from Dilpal and Singoni villages, near Pathalipam.

SPECIAL ARRANGEMENT

The correspondent understands that Mr. Gopalaswami Ayyangar, India's Minister for Railways has assured the Governor of Assam, Mr. Jairamdas Doulatram, that special provisions are being made by the railway to carry goods and parcels at half rates to consignees in stricken areas in the State to be nominated by the Government of Assam. Instructions are also being issued to the Assam railway to issue limited number of cheque or card passes to bona fide relief workers, proceeding to the affected areas in Assam.

Reactions to Prime Minister Pandit Nehru's last night's broadcast appeal for the afflicted people of Assam have been favourable here. The Chief Minister, Mr. Bishnuram Medhi, who has been advised complete rest by doctors, told the P.T.I. that every action would be taken by his Government to check ruthlessly the activities of anti-social elements who have been trying to trade on the misery of the people.

Quake Tremor Rocks Eastern Japan

TOKYO, September 10, (PTI-Reuter): A fairly strong earth tremor rocked Eastern Japan, including Tokyo shortly after midday today.

It caused minor damage to power transmission lines but no damage to houses or less of life was reported.

The central meteorological observatory reported that the epicentre was in the Pacific Ocean, about 40 miles off Chiba prefecture, on Japan's eastern coast.

Rajaji Invited To Nasik Congress Executive Talks

NEW DELHI, Sept. 10 (UPI): Mr. Rajagopalachari has been invited by the Congress President, Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramaya, to attend meetings of the Congress Working Committee at Nasik, it is learnt

He is leaving for Nasik on September 16.

ASIA NOT WRITTEN OFF, SAYS ACHESON

Continent In Grip Of Revolution

WASHINGTON Sept. 10 (PTI-Reuter): The United States Secretary of State, Mr. Dean Acheson, today affirmed his country's understanding of the Asian peoples aspirations to be independent of foreign control and of the "fundamental fact" that Asia was in the "grip of a great revolutionary ferment".

Mr. Acheson, speaking in a television interview here, refuted suggestions that the United States had "written off" Asia.

"We do not think any part of it is lost" he said. "We still believe that the Chinese are going to be Chinese before they are going to be Communists."

"We believe that the people of Indo-China will see this menace which is coming towards them."

Mr. Acheson said that criticism of American policy in the Far East was out of "the mistaken belief that Americans were all powerful and that if any thing went wrong it must be some American mistake.

"The fundamental fact in Asia," he declared" is that vast continent, quite irrespective of what some people are talking about, is all in the grip of revolutionary ferment.

International Trade Fair In New York

NEW YORK, Sept. 9 (PTI-Reuter): An international trade fair is scheduled to be held in New York from May 7 to 20, 1951, was announced today.

Hungry Children Faint

NO RATION FOR TWO WEEKS

Situation Desperate Around Trivandrum

TRIVANDRUM, Sept. 10, (PTI).

MANY people in Trivandrum went without any rice content in their food today for the first time in the eight years of rationing in the town.

A bare two ounces of rice per adult in the 75 percent reduced ration was distributed today.

Disconsolate card-holders inquiring if any more ration would me available during the week were shown empty ration shops.

Working class women, exchanging part of their rice ration for tapioca broke into tears as there was hardly enough for their little children.

Two children, aged ten and twelve; from a suburb, where ration was not distributed last week fainted in a Trivandrum street" We had no rice water the last four days," one of them said.

DESPERATE

The food situation is reported to be no better, if not worse, at Quilon and Kottayam. In the countryside, the situation is reported to be desperate, with no ration for over two weeks.

An official spokesman told the Press Trust of India tonight that whatever paddy was available as loan from cultivators was being rushed to Trivandrum.

The Chief Minister is understood to have already apprised the food authorities in New Delhi of the acute food situation in the State.

116 MINERS BROUGHT TO SURFACE

13 Still Missing

NEW CUMNOCK, Ayershire, Sept. 10 (PTI): Rescuers this morning brought to th esurface the last of the main group of 116 Scottish mintrs trapped underground at the Knockchinnock Castle Colliery here since Thursday night.

Another 13 men were still missing somewhere underground and officials went into conference to discuss the next steps in their 50-hour non-stop rescue efforts.

The National Coal Board said it had now been discovered that there had been a total of 129 men trapped In the pit and not 128 as they had earlier stated.

No word had been received from the missing men since a floods field above the pit caved in on Thursday night and sealed their only means of escape. Most of the rescued miners were taken to hospital. Six men who refused treatment later collapsed in their homes and had to be rushed to hospital.

U.P. Oppósition Members Join Congress

LUCKNOW, Sept. 10 (PTI): Two members of the opposition in the U.P. Legislative Assembly Mr. Ali Jafri and Haji Haider Bux have crossed the floor and joined the Congress Party in the U.P. legislature.

They were elected to the House in the last general elections on Muslim League tickets from Gonda district (north east) Muslim rural and Mathura-Agra Muslim rural constituencies.

STRIKE IN BENGAL

Ordnance Men Dissatisfied

CALCUTTA, Sept. 10 (PTI): Workers of the Bengal Ordnance Establishments, numbering about 20,000, of Ichhapur and Cssipore gun and shell factories have decided to go on strike from September 12 to 'secure fulfilment of their various demands.'

They had served on the managements of the various establishments with strike notices about a month ago.

Announcing this, the Secretary of the Joint Council of Bengal Ordnance Union, affiliated to the Bengal Provincial National Trade Union Congress, said in a statement today that all efforts of the ordnance employees to get redress of their grievances through negotiations had failed. Their demand to set up a Tribunal had also not been agreed to by the Central Government.

The demands include increase in pay scales and security of service.

This strike has, however, nothing to do with the one-day token strike declared by the Socialist-sponsored Hind Mazdoor Sabha on September 12 to express the sympathy of workers in Calcutta with the textile workers now on strike in Bombay.

GERMAN REDS ARRESTED

Bid To Take Out A Procession

FRANKFURT, Sept. 10. (PTI-Reuter): German police arrested ten Communists here today after breaking up a banned procession with a baton charge.

In defiance of a police order, the Communists had tried to march in small groups to a memorial for the victims of Nazism. A police cordon, with instructions to allow only a delegation of ten to pass through and place a wreath at the monument, broke up the gathering.

This was the first time Frankfurt's police had used force to break up a Communist concentration.

In cities towns and villages throughout West Germany today, memorial services were held in memory of those who died in Nazi gas chambers or were shot by Hitler's S S men. But only in Frankfurt did police and demonstrators clash.

ANOTHER BATON-CHARGE

West Berlin police baton charged 600 Communist "peace fighters" demonstrating at the American-Soviet sector borders here today.

Eight people were arrested—three of the women.

The demonstrators had attempted to march into the Soviet sector after parading with placards through the American sector. The police were ordered to break up the procession, and reinforcements were rushed to the trouble spot in trucks.

Bombing Of Pakhtoonistan Condemned

CALCUTTA, Sept 10. (UPI): A resolution condemning the Pakistan Government's repressive policy in Pakhtoonistan and bombardment of the Pathan land was adopted at a jirgah of Pakhtoons of Calcutta held at Tyoganand Matt with Khan Farid Gul in the chair.

The jirgah expressed the Pathans heart-felt thanks to the Afghan Government for their determination to assist the permanent establishment of the Government of Pakhtoonistan

Pak Rice To Ceylon?

COLOMBO, Sept. 9 (PT-Reuter): Pakistan has offered Ceylon her exportable rice surplus and negotiations on quantity and price are now proceeding, a usually reliable source stated here today.

SOCIALISTS TO DEFY MEETING BAN AGAIN

BOMBAY, Sunday.

THE MILL MAZDOOR SABHA which is conducting Bombay's 28 day old textile strike announced its intention tonight to defy the ban on meetings again at a public meeting organised by it at Jacob Circle Maidan at 5-30 p. m. tomorrow.

Mr. Raja Kulkarni, General Secretary, appealed, in a statement today, to the workers to participate in the meeting in large numbers but to be "disciplined and peaceful".

It being a holiday, all mills were closed in the city today.

A textile worker was arrested by the Dadar Police today for writing strike slogans on the road. No incidents were reported by the police.

The Executive Committee of the Bombay Provincial National Trade Union Congress, which met this week-end has congratulated the workers of Bombay and particularly those of the B.E.S.T. and other transport services for discharging their duties on August 31, the day of the Socialist-sponsored general strike "courageously."

The Bombay Municipal Corporation is scheduled to discuss a Congress motion congratulating the B.E.S.T. workers for not embarking on a strike on August 31 at a specially requisitioned meeting tomorrow.

MASTER TARA SINGH'S ARREST RESENTED

Call To Sikhs To Observe Sept. 17 As Protest Day

AMRITSAR, Sept. 10 (PTI).—The Shromani Akali Dal has called upon the Sikhs to observe September 17 as "protest day" without contravening the ban on public meetings and procession to "register their indignation at the arrest of Master Tara Singh.

The Dal has directed the Sikhs to offer prayers for the release of the Akali leader on that day.

This was decided upon at a meeting of the Working Committee of the Shromani Akali Dal, held at Amritsar today.

The Working Committee has further urged Jathas in all districts to pass resolutions endorsing the decision of the Shromani Akali Dal directing all the erstwhile Panthic members of the Punjab Assembly to quit the Congress Assembly party.

Twenty-one Panthic members, it may be mentioned, had en bloc joined the Congress party in the State Assembly in April 1948.

Six Hurt In Clash Over Use Of A 'Phone!

CALCUTTA, Sept. 10 (PTI).

Six persons received injuries in a clash this afternoon between two groups of tramway workers at the Rajabazar Tram Depot near Sealdah.

The tram services in the area result of the commotion. The police result of th ecommotion. The police soon arrived on the spot and normalcy was restored.

The trouble arose over the use of telephone between members of the two groups of workers belonging to two different unions. Today being their pay day, subscriptions were being collected for both the Unions. The collections over, representatives of the rival unions wanted to contact their offices on the phone over the priority use of which the quarrel started.

Laik Ali To Visit London

KARACHI, Sept. 10 (UPI): Mr. Laik Ali former Premier of Hyderabad, is visiting London towards the middle of this month, it is learnt.

It is not yet known whether he would also visit the U.S.A.

Japan Urged To Offer Military Bases To U.S.

TOKYO, Sept. 10. (PTI-Reuter) The influential newspaper "Jiji Shimpo" today urged Japan to offer "some part of our territory" to the United States for use as military bases.

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS per word

Plus advt-tax at one anna Per Rupee

Minimum Rs. 1/8

To be paid in advance

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Individual Tuitions or Groups: Mathematics, French, English, Latin by Englishman, many years experience in teaching. Apply Box 2067 "Bombay Chronicle" or 'Phone 35549 afternoons only.

Homoeopathy easily learnt Best postal training to pass the proposed Test For prospectus apply: The Grace Medical Mission Mavelikara Travancore.

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Agents for securing orders of our High Grade Pictorial and Novelty Calendars. National Calendar Mfg Co., Howrah.

(8052)

Wanted—Agents for selling our Fancy leather Suit Cases, Holdalls, Chappals, Shoes and Sandals on a salary of Rs. 250/- per month in every city and town. Write immediately for Agency terms and samples. United Industries, Kanpur.

(8673)

MACHINERY FOR SALE

For Sale—One brand new set of felt Calender Machine 60" wide Makers Kyoto Machinery Co., Ltd., and one brand new Silk Warping Machine. Correspond with Ajudhia Textile Mills Ltd., P. O. Ajudhia Mills, Delhi.

(8669A)

MACHINERY WANTED

One Back Filling Machine upto 66" correspond with Ajudhia Textile Mills Ltd., P. O. Ajudhia Mills, Delhi.

8669

FINANCIAL

Bonus Unit Scheme: Is one of the many schemes of Investors' Cartel Ltd.—the leading financial House Investment of every Rs. 5,000, will bring you guaranteed monthly income of Rs. 60 regularly. Principal withdrawable on 3 months' notice. Only limited applications will be accepted from selected parties. Write for descriptive literatures, with appreciation booklet etc. Investors' Cartel Ltd., 198/1, Rash Behari Avenue, Calcutta 29. (Chairman—Rt. Hon. Lord Sinha).

(8658)

CINEMA

Unique chance to popularise your products through Cinema Slides in Kirti Cinema, situated amidst thick business and educational centre of Calcutta. Charges moderate. Only a few more slides will be accepted. Send advt. matter immediately: JEPICS, Slide Agents, 198/1 Rash Behari Avenue, Calcutta 29.

(8657)

MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

Just arrived! Swiss Jacquard Art Silk fabrics! Seven alluring colours 60" width Lovely for curtains Call at Raval Tiles and Marble Ltd., 97A, Queen's Road, Bombay 1.

(6778A)

PUBLIC NOTICES

CENTRAL P.W.D.
TENDER NOTICE

TENDERS ARE INVITED from approved contractors for the work of "M/R to Santacruz Airport S.H White washing, colour washing and painting" Estimated cost Rs. 18,804/. Tenders will be received upto 3 p.m. on 19-9-50. Tender documents can be obtained from the office of the undersigned on payment of Rs. 3/4/-.

(Sd.) R. P. MHATRE,
Executive Engineer,
Bombay Aviation Division I
Commerce House, Ballard Estate,
Bombay I.

(8700)

NOTICE.

THE FOLLOWING MEDICINES are available For Sale. The quotations and enquiries be sent to the undersigned at an early date.

1	Vitamin A	50 grams.
2	Vitamin B1	7000 grams.
3	Vitamin B2	1550 grams.
4	Vitamin C	62 K grams.
5	Vitamin Nacian	13000 grams.
6	Potasium Glyphasphate	6 lbs
7	Calcium ,,	6 lbs.
8	Sodium ,,	12 lbs
9	Iron ,,	1 lbs.
10	Manganese ,,	1 lbs.
11	Glucroph acid	6 lbs.
12	Medicinal yeast powder	200 lbs.
13	Yohimbine hydrochl	1200 gr.
14	Calcium Gloconote	32 lbs.
15	Calcium Phosphate	15 lbs
16	Milk Sugar	19 lbs.
17	Sodium Phosphate	12 packts
18	Iron Percholoratie	1 lbs
19	Copper Sulphate	1 oz.

KESHO RAM,
Manager, The Kapurthala State
Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.
Kapurthala (PEPSU).

(8688)

PUBLIC NOTICES

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
STEEL IMPORT CONTROL
PUBLIC NOTICE

Import of Bolts, Nuts, Rivets etc.

ATTENTION IS INVITED to this office Public Notice dated the 2nd September, 1950. The Government of India have decided to consider import of Bolts and Nuts irrespective of sizes. Applications already made may be amended as desired by communication to the undersigned.
Dated 7-9-50.

M. L. MITRA,
for Steel Import Controller,
33, Netaji Subhas Road,
Calcutta.
(8701)

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA

THE BANK will be CLOSED on Friday the 15th September, 1950, (GANESH CHATURTHI) and Saturday, the 16th September, 1950. (SAMVATSARI) those days being Public Holidays, under the Negotiable Instruments Act 1881.

H. N. W. LAUGHLAND,
Offg. Secretary and Treasurer.
Bombay, 6th September, 1950.

(8699)

THE HINGIR-RAMPUR COAL COMPANY LIMITED
NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the TRANSFER BOOKS of the above Company will be CLOSED from Monday, 9th October, 1950 to Monday, 16th October, 1950, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
For The Hingir-Rampur Coal
Company Limited
KILLICK INDUSTRIES LIMITED,
H. F. MILNE,
Managing Director,
Agents.

Killick Building,
Home Street, Fort,
Bombay, 11-8-50.

(8698)

NOTICE

AS THE OFFICE of the Conservator of Forests, Utilization and Engineering Circle, Bombay State, Poona, is abolished from 1st September 1950, all correspondences of timber supply should be sent to the undersigned's office.

G. S. SINGH,
Chief Conservator of Forests,
State of Bombay,
Poona No. 1
(8702)

NOTICE

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the purchase of various used articles from the India United Mills Ltd., No. 1 Mill, Nos. 2 and 3 Mills, No. 4 Mill, No. 5 Mill and Dye Works, which will be received upto 18-9-50 at the Registered Office, Indu House, Dougall Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay. Tender forms can be obtained from this Office.

(8697)

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF ALL MACHINERY AND FURNITURE OF M/S SPARK PROCESS.

M/s. GANDHI & CO., will under instructions from M/s. Chhatrabhanji Samnaji & Co. and on a/c and at risk of mortgagor Mr. Yashvant Raghunath Ukirade owner of M/s. Spark Process, sell by Public Auction on WEDNESDAY 13th inst., at 12 noon at ground floor of Mangatram Mansion, near Lamington Road, Police Station.

Furniture of M/s. Spark Process such as tables, chairs, cupboards etc. and after that at 1-30 p.m. at ground floor of Vraj-Bhuvan, 4th Khetwadi Lane, Bombay:—

Machinery of M/s. Spark Process including cameras, Arc light fitting, buff machine, English types, cutting punches, table fan etc.

Terms: 25 per cent cash deposit.

GANDHI & CO.

100 VILLAGES INUNDATED

Heavy Damage To Crops By Sone Floods

PATNA, Sept. 9, (PTI): Three people have been drowned, about 100 villages inundated and crops have been affected extensively in last month's floods in river Sone, the Bihar Government announced today.

The State Government has sanctioned over rupees four lakhs for flood relief work.

Flood water is receding in the Khagari and Begusarai sub-divisions of Monghyr District but maize and karif crops in low lands have been damaged

Fifty fair price shops in Khagaria sub-division and 35 in Begusarai have been opened. About 6,500 maunds of grains have been distributed through these shops.

The Government has also given Rs. 64,000 as loans to agriculturists.

Ravi Floods Wash Away 15 Villages

RELIEF RUSHED TO KASUR

LAHORE, Sept. 10 (PTI): About 15 villages round about Kasur, 30 miles from Lahore, were reported to have been washed away by floods in the early hours of Saturday morning.

The Punjab (P) Governor Sardar Abdur Rab Nishtar accompanied by the G.O.C. Lahore area visited Kasur on Saturday morning to make an on-the-spot study of the situation there.

According to reports reaching here the situation in Kasur proper was under control on last evening but in the villages it was still causing great anxiety. No contact with the flood ravaged villages was possible till late last night.

While the R.P.A.F. planes dropped food supplies, army boats were making efforts to reach medicine and other aids to the stranded villagers almost the whole day yesterday.

Nearer the capital the situation continued to improve though the improvement was considered "unexpectedly slow". While a total drop of about six feet in the water level of Ravi river was recorded on Friday, the fall on Saturday was only nine inches.

RAVI GOING BACK TO ITS BED

Rescue Work In Operation

LAHORE, Sept. 10 (PTI): An air survey of the flooded areas carried out by Major-General Mohammad Azam Khan this morning disclosed that the Ravi had been steadily going back to its bed writes a Pakistan army observer.

found to be very satisfactory, and it

The overall flood situation was is hoped that all will be clear within the next three or four days.

Major-General Mohammad Azam Khan, who has been conducting the rescue operation in co-operation with the civil authorities and the R.P.A.F. issued a fervent appeal to the pucl at the fifth of a series of high level conferences on the Ravi flood situation held here this morning to help the authorities in their task.

Leaflets will be dropped over all the affected areas with an appeal to their inhabitants to come out from their houses with their pickaxes and shovels and help restore the road communications.

Efforts are being made by authorities to dissuade people from disposing of their livestocks at cheap rates. Arrangements for the supply of cattle fodder are also being considered and will be soon be put into effect. The help of boy scouts and Qaumi Razakars is being sought to restore confidence among the flood stricken villagers.

ORDER WITHOUT JURISDICTION

Parchure's Externment Held Void

GWALIOR, Sept. 10 (PTI): The Madhyabharat High Court yesterday held invalid the externment order passed by the District Magistrate on October 20, 1949 banning the entry into Greater Gwalior of Dr. D. S. Parchure who was one of the accused in the Mahatma Gandhi Murder Case.

Mr. Justice B. K. Chaturvedi, who delivered the judgment on a revision application filed on behalf of Dr. Parchure against his conviction and sentence for defying the externment order on December 7 last, held that the order was without jurisdiction and, therefore, Dr. Parchure had committed no offence.

The Madhyabharat Government had also filed an application before the High Court praying for enhancement of the sentence passed on Dr. Parchure, but it was rejected by the Court.

Daring Dacoity In Allahabad

ALLAHABAD, Sept. 10 (PTI): Panic prevailed in the city following a daring dacoity in a refugee colony in the early hours of Saturday morning

It is stated that eight armed persons raided about a dozen houses in Atala, a refugee colony and decamped with ornaments and other valuables. Two male residents of the locality were injured when they resisted the gang

Special police patrol has been posted in the locality.

The police have arrested so far one person suspected to be connected with the gang.

ORDNANCE EPMLOYEES TO TAKE STRIKE BLLOT?

Call, If Given, Would Affect 1,00,000 Civilians

POONA, Sept. 9 (PTI): The General Council of the Socialist-led All-India Defence Civilian Employees Federation is meeting here next week to decide whether a strike ballot be taken over the demands of the Federation submitted to the Defence Ministry. Mr. Jayaprakash Narayan will preside over the three-day session, commencing on September 15.

The General Secretary of the Federation, Mr. S.M. Joshi, stated that a decision to call a strike would affect about 1,00,000 civilian employees in Ordnance and other establishments at Poona, Dehu, Cawnpore, Bangalore and other centres.

DEMANDS

The demands of the Federation related mainly to the issue of retrenchment, dearness allowance, and removal of anomalies arising out of the implementation of the pay code, which Mr. Joshi said, had been forwarded by Mr. Jayaprakash Narayan to the Defence Ministry after the meeting of the executive of the organisation at Bombay on July 27.

In submitting the demands, the executive had stated that if no satisfactory reply was received within a month, it would have to decide whether to hold a strike ballot over these demands. Mr. Joshi added that the Council meeting was in pursuance of that letter.

ORDINANCE IN HYDERABAD

Measure To Curb Prices

HYDERABAD, (Dn.) Sept. 10, (PTI): The Government of Hyderabad promulgated today the Supplies and Goods Ordinance throughout the State for the control of certain essential articles.

Merchants dealing in these articles will have to forward a declaration of stocks by September 15 to the Ministry of Industry and Supply, Government of India with a copy to the Supply Department of the State Government.

The ordinance provides for the sale of listed articles from today at prices prevailing on June 15, 1950.

The articles listed in the ordinance include caustic soda, soda ash, tanning materials, bicycles, cycle tyres and tubes, razor blades. infant foods like Ostermilk, Horlicks, Gripe Water etc.

Contravention of any of the provisions of the Ordinance is punishable with imprsonment for three years or fine with both.

Action Against U.P. Profiteers

LUCKNOW, Sept. 9, (PTI): The U.P. Government has decided to detain prominent traders, against whom there is sufficient material to justify a moral conviction on charges of profiteering and blackmarketing.

Home Minister, Mr. Lal Bahadur Shashtri, disclosing this in the U.P. Legislative Assembly today said that Pandit Govind Vallabh Pant, Chief Minister, Uttar Pradesh had issued instructions that the entire machinery should be tightened up and action under detention law be taken wherever necessary.

INDO-CZECH TRADE TREATY

'No Secret Terms'

NEW DELHI, Sept. 10, (PTI): A spokesman of the Ministry of Commerce said here today that there was no secrecy about the terms of the trade agreement between India and Czechoslovakia concluded in April.

He added that the Agreement was concluded on April 5, 1950 and the instruments of ratification were exchanged between the Governments of India and Czechoslovakia on August 1, 1950. On both those occasions the details of the Agreement were made known to the public, he said.

The spokesman also stated the provision regarding the technical assistance in the agreement was not a new thing as similar provisons did not exist in trade agreements with industrially developed countries (e.g.) Western Germany.

Gwalior Celebrates Martyrs' Day

(From Our Correspondent)

GWALIOR, Sept. 9.

Gwalior observed complete hartal today in response to the call of the Action Committee of Madhyabharat students to commemorate the Martyrs' Day. People in thousand including girl students, labourres and government employees demonstrated before the Secretariat after taking out a procession all over the city.

A resolution was passed at a public meeting later in the day reiterating their resolve to fight until the demands of the students were conceded.

Gwalior Congress Leader's Plea For Civil Liberties

(From Our Correspondent)

GWALIOR Sept. 10.

Surprise was caused yesterday when Mr. Nandlal Joshi, the President of Madhya Bharat Congress, exhorted the State Government not to encroach on the civil liberties of the people. If the Government did not follow what Congress stood for the latter will have to oppose, he added.

DACCA EXPRESS DERAILMENT

Death Roll Mounts To 30

DACCA, Sept. 10 (PTI): A press note issued by the General Manager, East Bengal Railway, Chittagong, asys:

"The E. B. Railway authorities regret to announce that the Dacca-Chittagong Express, which left Dacca on the night of September 8, met with a serious accident near Bhairabazar Station about midnight. The engine and three coaches derailed while the train was approaching the bridge and capsized.

"Relief trains from Akhwara, Mymensingh, Dacca and Chittagong were rushed to the site of the accident, accompanied by railway doctors and senior railway officers. Private doctors from Brahamanbara and Bhairabazar also rendered assistnce to 63 passengers who received minor injuries and to seven seriously injured.

"The death-roll is estimated at about 30. The cause of the accident is under investigation. Through communication was restored in the evening of September 9.

Inquiry Into Gulbarga Train Collision

NEW DELHI, Sept. 10, (UPI): Pandit P. N. Mubayi, Government Inspector of Railways Bombay will hold an inquiry commencing at 10 a.m. on Monday, September 11, 1950 at Gulbarga station on the G. I. P Railway in connection with the collision between Poona-Raichur passenger and a goods train which occurred at Gulbarga on the midnight of September 8.

Conditions Of Jubbulpore Hospital

(From Our Correspondent)

JUBBULPORE, Sept. 10.

The condition of the Lady Elgin and Lady Dufferin Hospital for women and children at Jubbulpore has been attracting the attention of the public and has become a source of anxiety. The hospital was shifted to its present building which was constructed in 1945 at a cost of over Rs. 2,50,000—the amount being raised by public subscription. The building has now become too small and inadequate to meet with the growing demand of the ever expanding extension of the city. There is a dearth of beds and nurses, doctors and attendents, medicines and equipments in the hospital. There are four general wards in the hospital for the use of the non-paying cases in addition to a number of paying beds in two of the wings of the building. A casual visit to the hospital can present at any time the sorry state of affairs. There are not enough nurses to attend. The hospital was hitherto being managed and financed by the Lady Elgin and Lady Dufferin Hospital Fund Committee. but of late the management has been taken over by the State Government.

Military Tatoo In Srinagar

SRINAGAR, Sept. 10 (UPI): Nearly six thousand people witnessed a colourful military tatoo in Srinagar last night organised by the 19th Division of the Indian Army. Prominent among those present were the Premier, Sheikh Abdullah, Mr Loy Henderson, U.S. Ambassador in India, and Mrs. Henderson, Lieut-General Srinagesh G.O.C. Western Command, Major General Tarasingh, Major General Mahadeo Singh, G.O.C., Indian Navy, Major General Sheodatt Singh, Air Commodore Nanda and high civil and military officers.

Re-assessment Of Indore Houses' Rental Value

INDORE, Sept. 10, (UPI): Accepting the recommendations of Mr. Manu Subedar the well known Indian economist, the Indore City Municipal Council decided at its meetings last night to order re-assessment of the rental value of the houses in the city

The city Municipal Council had last year invited Mr. Subedar to examine the financial position of the Indore City Municipality and to recommend ways and means to improve it.

Rajapramukh Of MP To Meet Sardar

GWALIOR Sept. 10, (PTI): The Rajpramukh and the Chief Minister of Madhya Bharat left Gwalior for Bombay by special plane today.

It is believed that they will meet Sardar Patel there and acquaint him with the latest situation in Gwalior and discuss with him the Ghoshal report on the firing on students on August 9 last

MENACE: The Government of West Bengal have announced rewards on "heads" of monkeys and wild boars, which are menacing standing crops in the State. To the "killer" each wild boar will be worth Rs. 4 and each monkey Rs. 3. The State Government proposes to engage four shooting squads of eight shikaris each, in Midnapore District, to destroy those animals.

CALCUTTA PINKS ARRESTED

Sequel To Call For General Strike

CALCUTTA, Sept. 10, (UPI): The Special Branch police, raided various places in and around Calcutta and Howrah today and arrested about two dozens of trade union workers including one lady worker till the time of reporting. The arrested persons included a member of the National Executive of the Socialist Party and several executive members and office bearers of the West Bengal Socialist Party, Hind Mazdoor Sabha and Kishan Panchayat.

In course of their raids the police also seized all the documents circulars and phamplets wherever found, written in connection with the proposed token general strike in Calcutta on September 12.

It appears that all the arrests have been made as a preventive measure aganst the proposed token general strike.

According to reports received so far, several leaders of the Revolutionary Socialist Party and United Trade Union Congress were also arrested by the Special Branch police today. They included Shri Jatin Chakrabarty, Central Committee Member of the R.S.P.I. and Secretary of the West Bengal T.U.C.

The residences were also searched by the police.

Sri. Gopinathan Nari a member of the Working Commitee of the All-India Students' Congress was also arrested but later on released after interrogation.

ADOPTION OF HINDI IN BIHAR

Sinha To Introduce Bill

RANCHI, Sept. 10 (PTI): Mr. Srikrishna Sinha, Chief Minister of Bihar, has given notice to introduce the Bihar Official Language Bill, 1950, in the current session of the State Legislature. The Bill provides for adoption of Hindi in Devanagri script as the official language of the State.

The Bill notified by the Chief Minister empowers the State Government to introduce Hindi in Devanagari script uniformly in the legislature and in the Bihar Secretariat.

Cuttack Mill Workers Misbehave: 36 Arrested

CUTTACK, Sept. 10 (UPI): Thirty six persons were arrested following an altercation between some workers and the management of the Orissa Textile Mills, Charabatia, yesterday evening. Later, an order under section 144 Cr. P. C., banning processions and public meetings in Charabatia Police Station area was promulgated and guards were posted all-round the mills.

It is stated that the General Manager of the mills had convened a meeting of the workers to discuss the misbehaviour of a worker towards one of the superior officers earlier in the day. Some of the workers attempted to disturb the meeting and are alleged to have thrown some missiles and broken the glass panes of a car nearby.

The District Magistrate and the Superintendent of Police, Cuttack, visited the area this morning.

Jinnah Death Anniversary

KARACHI Sept. 10. (PTI-Reuter): Pakistan was observing tomorrow the the second death anniversary of its founder, M. A. Jinnah.

The programme in Karachi includes offering prayers at Mr. Jinnah's grave a public address by Pakistan Prime Minister, Liaquat Ali Khan, and a radio broadcast by Mr. Jinnah's sister Miss Fatima Jinnah.

U.P. Co-ops Increase Food Production

LUCKNOW, Sept. 10 (PTI).—Sixteen co-operative farming societies functioning in Uttar Pradesh have increased the food production of the State by two lakh maunds.

Nine of the societies are functioning in the Tarai and Anga Khadir areas and seven in the Jhansi district.

RED CHINA ALLOWS PRIVATE TRADE

Means To Push Up Exports

LONDON, Sept. 9 (PTI-Reuter).—Much of Communist China's foreign trade will be left in the hands of private merchants, according to a New China (Communist) News Agency report quoted by Peking Radio today.

It said a meeting between private merchants and the State operated export and import concerns had decided on means of reviving the country's lagging foreign trade and had agreed on spheres of influenced between State and the private traders, who now handle 50 per cent of China's trade.

The State will monopolise trade in some metal ores and hog bristle and will deal to a certain extent in some major commodities, leaving the rest of the export trade to private merchants, the report said.

Taft Wants Other Nations Also To Fight In Korea

CLEVELAND, Sept. 9 (PTI-Reuter): Senator Robert Taft, Republican, Ohio, said today the United States should make certain that all United Nations members provide a share of equipment and men in the Korean war.

There are millions of people in other freedom loving nations besides the United States, he said in a speech. "Most of them are good fighters, too", he added. "They have an obligation as great as our own."

IMPROVE LOT OF THE POOR

Students Advised To End Caste System

MORVI, Sept. 10 (PTI): Kaka Kalelkar, a disciple of Mahatma Gandhi, told the students today that if they wanted to participate in politics they must cease to be students and prepare for the coming social revolution.

Kaka Kalelkar, who was addressing more than 1,200 delegates to the fifth convention of Saurasntra students at Morvi, appealed to them to break the bonds of caste, endeavour to bring up the poor and to foster a sense of unity among all sections of society so as to create the social revolution so essential for preserving swaraj.

Mahatma Gandhi, he said, knew the shortcomings of Indians and had devised the Wardha scheme of education, concentrating all attention on villages.

PRESENT NEED

"The present need," he added, "is social revolution and our present behaviour is inconsistent with democracy The middle class must strive for betterment of the poor, and the good points of our ancient culture should serve as a manure for the future."

Dr. Jivraj Mehta, Bombay's Minister for Public Works, who inaugurated the convention, stressed the need for self-discipline.

A black flag demonstration was staged outside the pandal by a section of students who shouted slogans against the convention , but the proceedings were carried through peacefully.

Some students also tried to stop a procession taken out before the convention began, but it was diverted and nothing untoward happened.

Messages were received from among others, Sardar Patel, Mr. B. G. Kher, Mr. Morarji Desai, Acharya Kripalani and the Jamsaheb of Nawangar.

INDIAN LABOUR NOT IN DEMAND

African Leader's View

JULLUDUR, Sept. 10. (PTI): Sardar Gopal Singh a member of the Standing Committee of East African Indian National Congress said here today that there was no demand at present in British East Africa of Indian labour, skilled or unskilled.

According to a law passed in 1948, he said nobody could enter British East Africa without an official permit. All such immigrants could stay in East Africa for two years, which period could be extended for not more than four years.

Sardar Gopal Singh added that after independence an attempt was made to split the Indian representation in the East African Council into two groups, Indians and Pakistanis The Indian National Congress did not accept the proposal and succeed in getting Indian representatives being called as Asian.

The native population of British East Africa, Sardar Gopal Singh said was rapidly awakening to the realisation of their political rights. In this demand the Indian community was giving them their full co-operation. he added.

ANTI-SOVIET MEN ACQUITTED

Accused Belong To Mosley Party

LONDON, Sept. 10 (PTI-Reuter): Five men arrested on July 29 after a scene outside the Soviet Embassy in London were acquitted of charges of "insulting behavour" on a legal point when they appeared in Magistrate's court here yesterdayy.

The Magistrate said he regretted having to do so but upheld defence counsel's point that the alleged behavour took place on private property and the men were therefore wrongly charged.

On July 29 bricks were thrown through ground floor windows of the Soviet Embassy and leaflets advertising Sir Oswald Mosley's Fascist Union movement were scattered about the grounds. They condemned Soviet policy.

But the Embassy fronts on a private road, to which no one is admitted unless he claims business with a resident.

The five men were today bound to "keep the peace" for 12 months or pay 25 sterling.

HURRICANE HITS LEEWARD ISLES

Houses Collapse

ANTIGUA (Leeward Island), Sept 10 (PTI-Reuter): A hurricane which swept across the Leeward Islands last week-end damaged man houses in the Island of Barbuda, 25 miles north of Antigua, according to reports received today.

The island had been cut off from communication for six days, since the hurricane—worst for 80 years and second in ten days—struck the Islands.

Most of the houses in Barbuda were totally destroyed, and the inhabitants are living under tarpaulins.

The Island of Anguilla, most northerly of any size in the 140-mile long chain, also suffered severely and few houses are left standing.

Movement Of Bengal D.Ps

CALCUTTA, Sept. 10 (PTI): During the past twenty-four hours. 7,056 Hindus and 3,531 Muslims arrived into West Bengal from Eastern Pakistan by rail and 5,807 Hindus and 2,752 Muslims left, states a West Bengal Government press note issued today.

Digitized with financial assistance from the
Government of Maharashtra
on 18 April, 2017

BALLARD PIER STATION BUILDING

Immediate Alterations Become Necessary

BOMBAY, Sunday.

CERTAIN immediate alterations to the main building at the 35-year-old Ballard Pier had become necessary owing to the "settlement" of the foundations, the Chairman of the Bombay Port Trust, Mr. L. T. Gholap, told P.T.I. today.

The "settlements"—sinking down or subsidence of loose earth or structure in the language of archaeologists—which was found to be taking place as early as 1925, continued until it reached the "alarming amount" of six inches at the Central Hall and 8 inches at the south end of the building, Mr. Gholap said.

The Ballard Pier Station building stands on reclaimed land and was completed in 1918. The masonry construction stands on reinforced foundations supported on timber piles driven to a depth of over 30 feet.

The "settlement", which was due either to decay of timber piles or to the settling of rubble-packed foundations, was kept under careful observation, Mr. Gholap said. As it had been more or less uniform, the engineers hoped that with the lapse of time, the piles would meet with greater resistance and a stabilised condition would be obtained However, it was found that cracks had developed in the walls and in the pile caps.

It was found necessary last year to relieve the overloaded piled foundations and to arrest the "settlement" as far as possible.

"Ultimately", Mr. Gholap said, "it was decided to dismantle the massive parapet wall, as this was considered the quickest remedy to reduce the load on the foundations and to bring it within reasonable limits on timber piles, realising fully that the aesthetics of the building were being sacrificed to some extent."

"Until it is known that "settlement" has stopped, any attempt to carry out more permanent repairs, while restoring where possible the original features, would be utterly useless and expensive. Outwardly, the building has suffered temporarily in appearance, but the arrangements inside the building for the reception of travellers are second to none", Mr. Gholap added.

A SURE ANTI-DOTE
TO MONSOON BLUES!
JAIMANI DEWAN'S
ANMOL RATTAN
Starring MEENA
KARAN DEWAN, GOPE, NIRMALA
Join The Crowds At
ROXY Daily 3-15, 6-15, 9-15 p.m.
Plans Open 9 To 1, 3-30 To 8 p.m.
M.B. BILLIMORIA & SON Release

THIS IS THE YEAR OF
SHEESH MAHAL
Starring:
SOHRAB MODI, NASEEM, NIGAR, PUSHPA HANS, AMARNATH, PRAN, JAWAHAR KAUL, MUBARAK, etc.
Produced & Directed by
SAHRAB MODI
Creating new box office at
MINERVA
Daily: 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30
PALACE
Daily: 3, 6-15 & 9-30
RIVOLI
Daily: 12-30, 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30
and ALLWYN (Kalyan)
(A Screens' Release)

RANJIT'S
NILI
SURAIYA, DEV ANAND, AGA
Director
RATIBHAI PUNATAR
LIBERTY
Daily: 3, 6-15 & 9-30
JAI HIND, CITY LIGHT, BANDRA, BHARAT

For Shattered Nerves
ENERGON
A New Tonic
Containing Glycerophosphates Iron and Strychnine with Vitamin B Complex and Lecithin.

Obtainable from All Good Chemists
BENGAL CHEMI
CALCUTTA BOMBAY: KANPUR
Agents: ORIENT DRUG AGENCY, Princess Street, Bombay 2.

HEAVY FINE FOR MILL MANAGER

Breach Of Demonetisation Ordinance

BOMBAY, Sunday.

Found guilty of the breach of the High Denominations Notes (demonetisation) Ordinance, 1946, Mr. Harprasad K. Gupta, manager of the Dhanraj Mills was sentenced to one day's simple imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 8,000 in default six months' R.I., by Mr. C. B. Velkar, Presidency Magistrate, at Dadar Court, on Saturday. Mr. Mulla Phiroz, the secretary of the mill who was also found guilty of a similar offence, was awarded a sentence of one day's simple imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 2,000, in default, six months rigorous imprisonment.

Mr. Ramgopal Ganpatrai Ruia, managing agent of the Mill and the third accused in the case was ordered to be acquitted on the ground that there was no adquate evidence to warrant his conviction.

According to the prosecution, the accused, after the promulgation of the Demonetisation Ordinance in 1946 had submitted a false statement to the Reserve Bank of India, in respect of 276 notes of the denomination of Rs. 1,000.

Mr. Gupta and Mr. Ruia were also charged before the same magistrate with criminal breach of trust in respect of over Rs. six lakhs in alleged bogus sales and purchases of cotton and stores for the mills. They were however found not-guilty and ordered to be discharged. This trial lasted for three years, during which fifty witnesses were examined and over 600 documents exhibited in the court.

Widespread Rains In Andhradesa

ALL-INDIA WEATHER

POONA, Sept. 10 (PTI): The following is the daily weather summary for Sunday, the September 10, 1950.

The depression in the west Bay of Bengal is centred this morning about 100 miles east south east of Kakinada. It is likely to move west or west-north-west and cross the coast near Kakinada by this evening or early tonight. Under its influence rainfall has been widespread in coastl Andhradesa, Rayalseema and South Hyderabad. There has also been fairly widespread rain along the West Coast and in Sub-Himalayan West Bengal and local rain in Deccan (Desh), and Chota Nagpur.

FORECAST VALID UNTIL THE EVENING OF 11th: Rainfall will be widespread in coastal Andhradesa and south east Madhya Pradesh, Rayalaseema, Hyderabad, Deccan (Desh), Gujarat, East Saurashtra and along the West Coast. There will also be local rain in Orissa, Gangetic West Bengal, Tamilnad and Mysore. Scattered showers may occur along and near the foot of the Himalayas and in north and west Madhya Pradesh and West Saurashtra.

HEAVY RAINFALL WARNING: Locally heavy rain is likely in Coastal Andhradesa, Rayalaseema, South and East Hyderabad Konkan and South Kanara during the next 48 hours.

Following is the daily weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours, with total rainfall from June 1 1950 and departure from normal recorded at 8-30 hours I.S.T. on September 10, 1950

Allahabad 94 78 0 34.8 plus 3.9, Bangalore 78 - - - Baroda 93 78 0 40.5 plus 9.7, Bhavnagar 91 77 0 18.5 plus 1.1, Bhopal 91 75 0 27.8 minus 13.5, Bombay 87 71 T 53.2 minus 7.7, Calcutta 94 81 0 35.2 minus 5.5, Cochin 79 75 0.7 84.8 plus 16.6, Delhi 94 80 0 27.4 plus 8.3, Gwalior 93 79 0 30.1, Indore 87 71 0 26.3 minus 0.9, Kodaikanal 59, - - - Madras 87 77 T 15.7 plus 4.1, Mussoorie 69 59 0 89.6 plus 20.7, Mysore 83 67 0.1 8.9 minus 1.6, Nagpur 92 76 0 24.1 minus 13.9 Ootacamund 65 52 0.1 22.9 plus 0.4, Pachmarhi 81 69 0 68.1 plus 3.6, Poona 87 70 0.3 14.8, minus 1.3, Shillong 75 64 0 67.4 plus 19.8, Trivandrum 74 0.3 31.8 plus 4.6.

Need For Good Pictures

Mr. S. K. Patil's View

POONA, Sept. 10 (PTI).—Mr. S. K. Patil, Chairman of the Film Inquiry Committee, said here today that the Committee was expected to complete the recording of evidence in about a month's time and produce its report by December next.

The Committee sat in Poona to hear suggestions from some of the leading Maharashtrian producers and educationists.

Mr. Patil said that the problem before the film industry in India was to have more theatres, production of good pictures and better appreciation of films by the public, so that they would visit picture houses in large numbers.

While in America, he added, one hundred million people saw films every week, in India the number was only two million. In Great Britain too the number was quite large and was estimated at 33 million a week.

As regards the number of theatres in those countries, Mr. Patil said in America there were 18,000 picture houses, in the U.K. 5,000, while in India the number was 3,200 which included 800 touring talkies.

From the point of entertainment tax collected by Government, he said, the amount in India was only six to seven crores of rupees as against 250 crores in the USA.

CENTRAL BOARD OF FILM CENSORS

To Function In A Month Or Two

MADRAS, Sept. 10 (PTI).

Mr. R. Diwakar, Minister of State for Information and Broadcasting, Government of India, stated here today that the Government of India had decided to constitute a Central Board of Film Censors for the whole country in the place of the present system of having censorship boards in the various States.

Mr. Diwakar, who was addressing a meeting of the Cine-Technicians' Association, said that the Board would start functioning in a month or two.

The rest of the problems facing the film industry would be considered by Government when they had before them the report of the Film Inquiry Committee, which would be towards the end of the year, Mr. Diwakar added.

MUNICIPAL WORKERS SHOULD UNITE

Labour Leader's Call To Shed Sectarianism

BOMBAY, Sunday.

A call to the Bombay Municipal employees to give up their narrow, sectarian and antagonistic attitude and to work unitedly and harmoniously for the promotion of their common interests was made by Mr. N. M. Joshi, noted labour leader, today.

Mr. Joshi who was presiding over a convention of the City Municipal employees at Gilder Tank, said that it was high time for labour to patch up their differences and to come together on a common platform for the solution of their common problems. That way alone lay their salvation, he added.

The convention, which was attended by the delegates and employees of nearly a score of different municipal unions, unanimously adopted a resolution, forming themselves into a federation for the purpose of co-ordinating the activities of various municipal unions.

Another resolution passed at the convention condemned the ban imposed by the Government on meetings and processions. One more resolution passed on the occasion demanded increased dearness allowance for the municipal workers in view of the high cost of living.

Telegrams To Pakistan On Sept. 11

BOMBAY, Sunday: Telegrams at ordinary rates for Pakistan will not be accepted on Monday Sept. 11 which happens to be Quaid-e-Azam's death anniversary day, says a telegraph communication.

RESETTLEMENT OF E. BENGAL D.Ps

Jain Clarifies Centre's Policy

CALCUTTA, Sept. 9 (PTI).—Mr. A. P. Jain, Minister of State for Rehabilitation, Government of India, reiterated here today the Government's policy of settling those East Bengal refugees who were not willing to go back to Pakistan.

Addressing about 5,000 displaced persons accommodated in the Cossipore transit camp, which he visited this morning, Mr. Jain said that West Bengal had not that much of land to resettle all those who had crossed the border. So the refugees should be prepared to go outside the State. He assured them that while dispering them to other States, the question of climate, food etc would not be overlooked.

Accompanied by the Joint Secretary, Central Ministry of Rehabilitation, Mr. A B Chatterjee and Mr. H. Banerjee, Relief Commissioner, West Bengal, Mr. Jain earlier visited a children's home at Tollygunge.

U. P. Council To Discuss Zamindari Bill On Sept. 11

LUCKNOW, Sept. 10 (PTI): The U.P. Legislative Council will begin discussion on the U.P Zamindari Abolition and Land Reforms Bill 1950, as they sent by the Lower House from September 11 next. The debate on general discussion is likely to conclude on September 15.

CITY & SUBURBS

TODAY

Hindu: Shravan Vad 14, 2006
Muslim: Zilkad 27, 139
Parsi: Farvardin 9, 1320
Sunrise 6-25 a.m. Sunset 6-45 p.m.
Hightide 11-32, 22-42
Lowtide 05-02, 17-45.

Engagements

MUNICIPAL CORPORATION: General meeting at 3 p.m. Corporation Hall.

INAUGURATION of the Institute of Integrated Education by Mr. M. C. Chagla, Chief Justice, at the University Hall at 5-30 p.m.

PURSE PRESENTATION ceremony of Bazme-Adab-e-Urdu, St. Xavier College, at 5-30 p.m. in the College Hall. Justice Bhagwati will preside.

Domestic Occurrence

DEATH

RAO BHADUR H. B. KOTAK (of Kotak & Co.) expired on 9/9/1950. Uthamna ceremony will be held on 11/9/1950, on Monday at 4-40 p.m. (S.T.) at his residence, Sekhsaria House, Babulnath Road, near Chowpatty Band Stand, Bombay.

TODAY'S RADIO

MONDAY, SEPT. 11.
AIR NEWS FROM DELHI

Assamese 7 a.m. 1 p.m. Bengali 7-30 a.m 2-50 p.m. 7-30 English 8 a.m. 1-30 p.m. 6, 9 Gujerati 8-45 a.m. 1 p.m. 6-10 9-15, Kannada 7-45 a.m. 3-15 Hindi 8-15 a.m. 1-40 p.m. Malayalam 7-30 a.m. 7-30 p.m. 8 Punjabi 8-30 a.m. 8-15 Marathi 8-30 a.m. Tamil 8-15 Telugu 7 a.m. 1-50 p.m. 7 Urdu 9 a.m. 8 p.m.

BOMBAY

244 m.—7-30 a.m. Mangal prabhat, 7-45 Hindi by radio, G., 8-15 R. Gulvani, todi, 12-45 p.m. Tantrakari, 12-50 R. Joshi, G. geet, 1-40 Dance music, 5-0 J. Dhanal, madhuvanti, 5-15 V. S. Shah k. p. dhanashri, 5-30 G. Borkar, tabla, 5-45 V. S. Shah, bhajans, 6-10 J. Dhanal, kh, purvi, 6-30 R. Gulvani, puria, 7-10 Locals, 7-20 R. Joshi, G. geet, 7-30 J. Dhanal. eman, 7-45 For industrial workers, 8-30 A. B. Trivedi's G. talk "Sorathi vanitya", 8-45 Month's songs, g, 9-15 V. S. Shah, G. geets, 9-45 T. Drieberg, Bombay diary.

VARIATIONS. 353 m—7-40 Prog., 8-0 S. V. Patwarhan, pakhwaj, 8-45 R. Gulvani, M. pad, 1-0 p.m. A. P. Warerkar, bhavgeet, 1-10 Geetavali, 1-50 For women, H U, 5-30 M. Pai, pad, 5-45 M. Raichurkar, K songs, 6-0 M. Pai, M. pad, 6-20 Villagers' prog. in M. and 6-50 in k, 7-20 M. Pai, bhavgeet, 7-30 Commercial news, 8-15 Hindi by radio, M, 8-30 P. K. Atre, M. talk, 8-45 A. P. Warerkar, M. song, 9-0 Air artists, gottuvadyam, 9-30 Film songs, 9-45 Nageshkar, tabla, 10-0 Shailaja Karandikar, "vadhu priksha", 10-15 R. H. Gulavani, basant.

BARODA

250 m.—7-30 a.m. Swar vilas, 7-45 Progs., 7-50 A. Ashtekar, bhajan, 8-15 V. K. Gurav, shahnai, 8-30 K. Misra, bhajans, 5-30 p.m. As in Ahmmedabad, 6-10 V. K. Gurav, shahnai, 6-20 A Ashtekar, bhajan, 6-30 For rural listeners 7-0 Film song, 7-15 K. Yajnik, background to news, g, 7-30 V. K. Gurav, shahnai, 7-45 K. Misra, bhajans, 8-0 A Ashtekar, bhavgeet, 8-10 Locals, 8-30 Geet gunjan, 9-30 As in Ahmedabad, 9-45 Radio orch.

AHMEDABAD

326.1 m—7-30 a.m. Usha Potnis, bhajans, 7-40 Progs., 7-45 Power & Prayer, 8-15 As in Baroda, 8-45 R. Patel, cl. music, 5-30 p.m. R. Patel cl. music, 6-10 As in Baroda, 6-30 For women, 7-0 V. Parmar, G. geets, 7-15 As in Baroda, 7-30 For industrial workers, 8-0 Locals, 8-5 Ravishankar, sitar, 8-30 "Bharatiya sangitan thumri gayan," 8-45 V. Parmar, G. geets, 9-30 R. Patel cl. music, 9-45 As in Baroda.

GOA

31-22 m—7-00 a.m. Bill Bailey's musical clock, 9-00 Stars si g. 9-15 Pipes of melody, 9-30 Nsgro spirituals, 9-45 Riders of purple sage. 10-00 Meet the band, 10-30 Tropicana, 10-45 Vera says —,11-00 Concert hall of A.I.R., 12-00 p.m. Salen serenade, 12-30 Ride them cow boy, 12-45 'Pop' concar 1-00 Request porg., 2-00 Concert hall of AIR 3-00 Hindi film music, 5-0 Marathi prog., 6-00 Candlelight and silver, 6-30 Blue Barreu presents, 6-45 Kynotes by Carle, 7-00 Tropicana, 7-15 Radio Goa Glee Club, 7-30 Music without words.

ORGANISE UNDER NON-PARTY UNION

BOMBAY, Sunday.

The Anglo-Indian leader, Mr. Frank Anthony, called on Indian railwaymen today to "organise themselves under the banner of a really independent union free from political affiliations."

Addressing a midnight mass meeting at the Parel Railway Institute, Mr. Anthony said India's railroad workers were divided in "loyalties and energies" though they formed the largest single bloc of workers in the country. He branded the existing railwaymen's unions as "stooges, subordinating the interests of railwaymen to those of political parties."

Mr. Anthony criticised the Kunzru Committee's report on railways, which, he said, was "thoroughly reactionary and directed against the interests of workers." He urged the abolition of new selection methods for recruitment to railways and reinstitute the former system of "seniority-cum-selection."

However, he added, at this hour of national crisis, no right-thinking railwaymen should think of strikes. "But the time has come when long-standing grievances which continue to corrode the spirit of railwaymen should be immediately removed."

AMALGAMATION: Seven labour federations of Pakistan, including the Pakistan Federation of Labour of West Pakistan were formally amalgamated to form the All-Pakistan Confederation of Labour at Karachi on Saturday.

Prohibition Case In Saurashtra

DEMAND FOR 9 LAKHS AS COMPENSATION

RAJKOT, Sept. 9 (PTI).—A suit claiming compensation to the tune of Rs. 9 lakhs for abolition of monopoly of liquors under the Saurashtra Prohibition Act has been filed in the Saurashtra High Court.

The suit arises out of monopoly granted by the old Probandar State to a firm till 1950, which was abolished under the Saurasthra Prohibition Ordinance which came into force from April 1, 1949, and which allows for cancellation of such monopolies without compensation.

The suit has been filed under Sec. 228 of the Indian Constitution which authorises the High Courts to decide points of law in connection with the interpretation of the Constitution.

HYDERABAD DONATES Rs. 50,000 TO ASSAM

More Money And Medical Unit To Be Sent

HYDERABAD, Sept. 10 (PTI): Mr. M. K. Vellodi, Chief Minister of Hyderabad, announced today a donation of Rs. 50,000 from the Hyderabad Government for the relief of Assam earthquake victims.

Presiding over a public meeting here convened to concert help for the people of Assam, Mr. Vellodi said that Nizam of Hyderabad had promised a "handsome donation" for the Assam Governors Relief Fund.

The Hyderabad branch of the Indian Medical Association was shortly sending a medical unit to render assistance for a period of six months in the affected parts of Assam. The unit which was being raised through voluntary contributions would also receive State Government aid to make good any deficit.

Contributions were also announced from other public bodies including a sum of Rs. 10,000 from the Hyderabad branch of the Indian Conference of Social Work.

A twelve-year-old lad from the audience, apparently moved by the appeal, offered his wrist watch as his contribution to the fund. At the suggestion of Mr. Vellodi the watch was auctioned on the spot and fetched Rs. 1,500. The person who knocked the bid offered the watch back to the donor, but the lad would not accept it.

Notorious Dacoit Arrested

(From Our Correspondent)

GWALIOR, Sept. 10.

Mula Gujar, a former associate of Amritlal's gang, who had to account for several murders and kidnapping cases, has been arrested, it is learnt.

Besides other two notorious dacoits, who were absconding for a long time, were also arrested. A gun and ornaments were found on their person.

DIXON'S FAILURE DUE TO WRONG PROCEDURE

Kashmir National Conference's Analysis Of The Issue

SRINAGAR, Sept. 9 (PTI).

THE Working Committee of the Jammu and Kashmir National Conference described the failure of Sir Owen Dixon's mission for settling the Kashmir dispute as the natural result of a wrong procedure in conducting the mediation talks.

In a resolution which was passed at a three-hour meeting this afternoon it declared that after Pandit Nehru and Sheikh Abdullah's statements which had expressed the viewpoint of the Conference sufficiently clearly and in unequivocal terms it did not find that further clarification was necessary.

By another resolution the Committee declared that wholetime Government servants are not eligible for any elective post under the National Conference. Those offices to which Government servants had already been elected would be declared vacant and steps taken under the constitution to elect new office bearers.

NEXT CONFERENCE

By a third resolution the Committee declared to hold the annual conference in a suitable place in Jammu province towards the end of November. The exact date and the venue would be declared later on.

The Committee has also decided to set up election tribunals, one for Jammu and another for Kashmir to investigate into the alleged irregularities in the recent Conference elections and report to the Committee any decisions taken.

It was also decided to call a meeting of the newly elected General Council in Srinagar before the annual conference is held in Jammu. All members of the Committee were present except Ghulam Mohd. Sadiq who was unwell.

PLEA FOR SPEEDY SETTLEMENT

Abbas On Kashmir Issue

KARACHI, Sept. 10 (10 PTI).—Chowdhary Ghulam Abbas, head of the "Azad Kashmir Government" declared yesterday that the Government and people of Pakistan should "make it absolutely clear to the United Nations that we are not in a mood to suffer any longer and, if forced to do so, will resume our struggle."

In his statement, made at Muree, a hill station in the Pakistan Punjab, near the Kashmir border, he added: "If the Kashmir issue is again put on the shelf and lightly treated, it would not only spell disaster and ruin for Kashmir Muslims but would endanger the security of Pakistan, her future and her international position."

SUPPERSESSION OF APCC DEPLORED

VIJAYAWADA, Sept. 9 (PTI): A resolution protesting against the action of the Congress High Command in superseding the Andhra Provincial Congress Committee and appointing a special officer instead, was adopted at a meeting of the Andhra delegates to the Nasik Congress session.

Mr. T. Prakasam presided. Mr. Kala Venkata Rao, Congress General Secretary and 13 delegates of his group did not participate in the meeting.

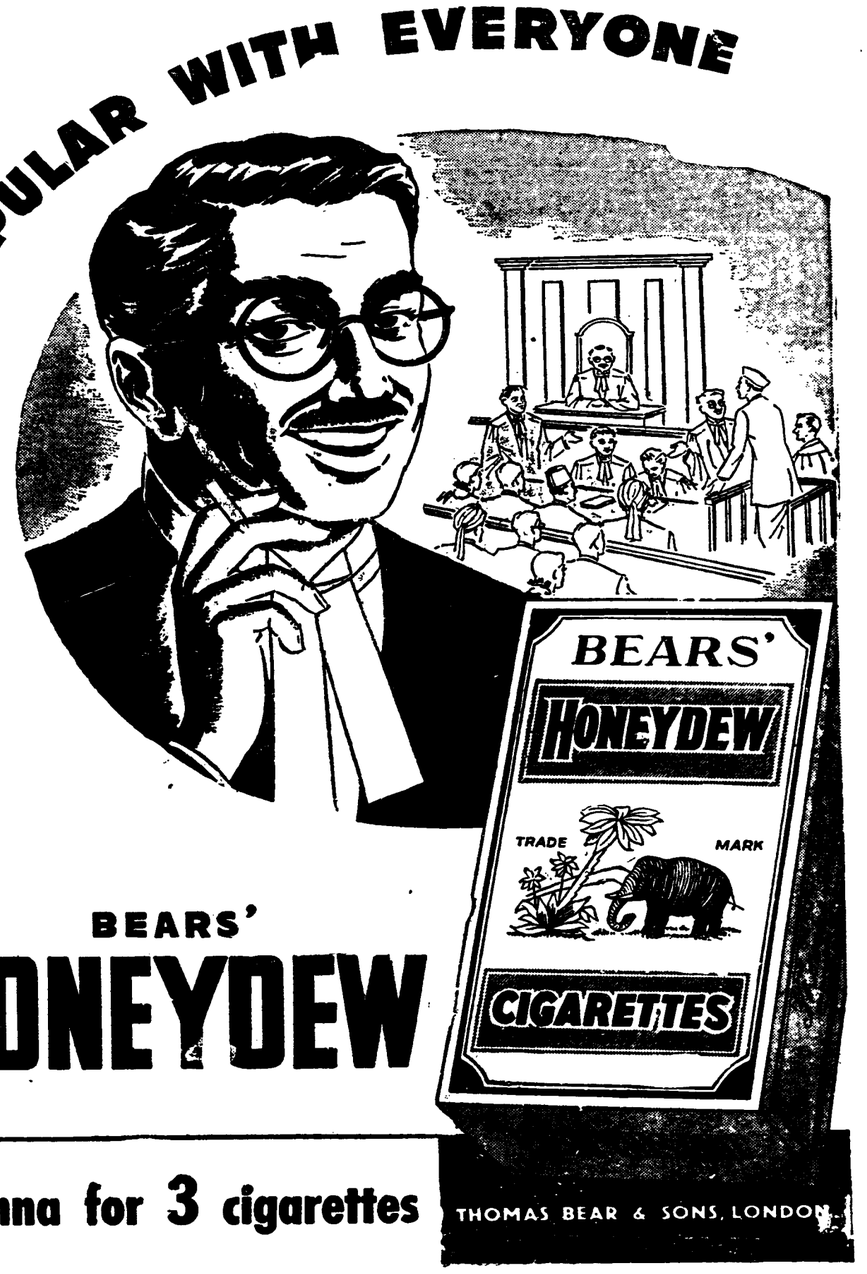
The meeting also required the Congress High Command to review their decision superseding the A.P.C.C. and thus save the prestige and honour of both the Congress High Command and the Congressmen in Andhradesa.

It was also resolved, that present executive should be in charge of the affairs of the A.P.C.C. till a new executive was elected. If, however, the Congress High Command could not reconcile itself to this decision, the resolution stated, the five-member Advisory Board elected by the delegates at its meeting yesterday should be allowed to function as the interim executive.

K. V. Rao's Advice To Andhra Congressmen

VIJAYAVADA, Sept. 9 (PTI): Mr. Kala Venkata Rao, General Secretary, A.I.C.C., left for Delhi this evening by Grand Trunk Express. Prior to his departure in an interview Mr. Venkata Rao said he would request Andhra Congressmen immediately to withdraw all suits in courts regarding Andhra Congress Panchayat elections and to place absolute reliance in Mr. S. K. Patil who has been given full powers to conduct and complete panchayat elections in Andhra and also election of delegates.

The withdrawal of suits will create needed atmosphere for Mr. Patil to proceed with the work and settle the unfortunate tangle into which Andhra Congressmen have been drawn, he added.

POPULAR WITH EVERYONE


BEARS'
HONEYDEW
1 anna for 3 cigarettes
THOMAS BEAR & SONS, LONDON

The Bombay Chronicle

THE PRIME MINISTER'S APPEAL

The Prime Minister in his broadcast appeal to the nation has stressed the food crisis and called for strict enforcement of procurement programmes by State Governments. He has drawn attention to the calamities which have afflicted Assam and made his appeal in the name of the suffering people of Assam. There are other States too which have suffered from natural calamities that bear on the food situation with catastrophic force. The procurement schemes that were formulated in better days, are hardly adequate for the new situation that has since sprung up. It is the least that can be done to go through with those schemes and to punish those who obstruct them severely. The tragedies which have befallen Assam, and, in lesser degrees, other States, are not man-made and their effect is all the more terrible on that account. It is only a national effort which can help the direct victims of Nature's onslaught to recover from a succession of staggering blows; and all parties should respond to the call for help which rises from them. Today, in the face of calamity, the Government and the people are one; it has happened in the past, when conditions were less propitious for unified relief measures. It behoves every national of this country to respond to the utmost to meet the situation.

There are funds which have been collected on a nationwide basis for other purposes, which could be readily tapped for a cause that calls for immediate and instant attention. It would be a mark of our sensitiveness to suffering in any one part of India, if some move is made at once to place a part of these collections at the disposal of the Government of Assam. No effort should be spared at this critical moment. Pandit Jawaharlal made special mention of the great hardships endured by the tribal people of Assam. They should become the first claim on the Government for assistance to return to something near normal living. Since the Assam Government has taken charge of relief, it should now be possible for all efforts to be coordinated, and that in itself should ensure to the public the prospect of a wise application of relief.

Wrong Technique

Though expected, it is to be regretted that the Socialist attempt to conduct the textile workers' strike non-violently is failing. It shows the futility of applying this method when conditions are unfavourable. It has been found that the Socialists can hold no meeting and stage no demonstration in defiance of the police orders without its ending in hooliganism and stone-throwing. Ugly situations are created, which make it necessary for the police to use teargas and even open fire to disperse riotous mobs. Recently the Socialists have been claiming that they are conducting their agitation on Gandhian methods. If bans could be defied and arrests courted peacefully, there would be no need for the police to use force in maintaining peace and order. But it has been found that the Socialists are unable to control their own followers, leave alone the crowds that collect to watch the demonstrations.

In a joint statement to the press, Mr. Asoka Mehta and Mr. Harris admit with regret that on Friday many respectable citizens were insulted and their Gandhi caps snatched and burnt. They also admit that there was violence and appeal to workers to check violent elements and Communist saboteurs, in order not to let violence undermine the strength and solidarity of the workers and effectively defeat the strike. In the same breath, they condemn the 'obstinacy of the Government' which "has once again taken a toll of innocent lives'. One would like to know how the Socialist leaders reconcile these two contradictory statements. If there was violence and 'Communist saboteurs' active, it was the duty of the Government to see that peace and order were maintained. If the police had not acted in time it is possible that more citizens and tram-drivers would have been assaulted, traffic brought to standstill and the locality delivered into the hands of goondas. If there has been loss of innocent lives, it is not due to the obstinacy of the Government but of the Socialists who have raised a 'frankenstein's monster' which they cannot control. If they cannot conduct their defiance of the ban on meetings and processions peacefully and keep their followers non-violent, it is better for them to give up the idea of toying with the potent weapon of Gandhian non-violence.

It is true that Communists lose no opportunity to climb on the Socialist bandwagon whenever they can. But the Socialists should have learnt from past experience that, whenever the two travel in the same direction, it is the Communists who get them into hot waters. On the other hand, the Communists provide a good excuse for the Socialists to hide the weaknesses of their own followers. If the Socialists are honest about their professions of following the Gandhian technique, then they should abandon defiance of the law at the first taint of violence.

Twenty-eight days have passed since the Socialists called out textile workers on strike and they are nowhere near the achievement of their objective. Twelve times during this period the Socialist Mill Mazdoor Sabha has defied the Police Commissioner's ban on public meeting and there have been unfortunate casualties and ugly situations, which could have been avoided. If it was the demonstration of the Socialist hold on textile workers the Mill Mazdoor Sabha was after, then, we can say that it has achieved its objective. It is time the Socialists called off the strike and returned to constitutional ways.

High Cost Of Representation

The proposals hinted at by Mr. V. Narahari Rao, Auditor-General to the Government of India, to trim the expenditure on India's embassies abroad will need to be carefully considered. It is a weakness in countries passing through financial dificulties to resort to indiscriminate economies. In the foreign fields, it is possible to effect wise retrenchment; but it is also possible, and far easier, to cut things down to the bone. In the first year of independence, it was necessary to spread the network of foreign embassies wide in order to establish India's determination to interest herself in foreign affairs and in order to mark her decision to be an independent republic, retaining, if possible, the old ties of dominionhood. It was part of the same policy which made India's spokesmen abroad insist on India's foreign policy being free from advance commitment to any Big Power or Big Power bloc. The success of that policy is testified to in the general acceptance of this position, sometimes even to the extent of misunderstanding.

It should be possible now to launch out on a programme of representation that aims at zonal representation rather than at having an embassy in every country that expresses willingness to exchange diplomats. In certain world capitals, India must be represented and her men adequately provided for. There are many others, however, where it would be desirable to do away with embassies until better times appear. By concentrating men of our diplomatic corps, few as they are, in the key centres, it will be easy to train them up rapidly for this kind of work, and it will mean that they will come in contact with the cream of the world's foreign services.

A criterion for representation abroad must be ability within reason to maintain the foreign establishment in a manner, befitting the standards prevailing in that country. The balance between crude ostentation and parsimony is difficult to strike, and we do not know how far even the acutest and most sensitive of auditors-general will be able to strike it during an eleven-week visit to all centres. It would be a fair move to refer any proposal for Government action on a radical basis to the men and women who are now serving the country abroad in an official capacity, before any action is taken on them. Their views may not be accepted even in part but they have a right to be heard in what in effect is in their own defence. Besides, to the financial acumen of Mr. Narahari Rao they will be able to add their own experience of the countries in which they are stationed. It should not be forgotten in the present need for economy that there is something more than the money side to foreign representation. In fact, if the problem were tackled from the other side of the adequacy of the men whom we send abroad, it would be quite conceivable that the economic question too would solve itself. Men who command respect by their integrity, calibre and poise, need naturally little of the external trappings that call attention to them. It is such men that the foreign services ought to aim at attracting to itself. For the majority it has to be remembered that as a people Indians, the best of them, are not only naturally reserved but have been trained to be so by long and intimate association with the British. Any departures from this type tend to fly to the other extreme of back-slapping geniality. It would not be amiss if a little sociability is cultivated. Herman Finer has written of the importance of social life in a member of Parliament. "Popularity on personal grounds," he writes "is exceedingly important for it takes the edge off sharp truths and opens the way for their acceptance...The lobbies, the social life of Parliament, la buvette and the political clubs, play a large part in the evolution of a member and of policies....To smile perpetually, tolerantly and graciously, never to commit yourself to anything definite, and to do little social favours, are three obvious ingredients for success." A cynical picture, no doubt, but it is one which is even more invaluable in a diplomat than in a home politician, playing in his own domain.

Tete-a-Tete

WITHOUT COMMENT.

Mr. S. A. Dange, General Secretary of the All-India Trade Union Congress, on Saturday, called upon the General Secretary of the Socialist Party, Mr. Asoka Mehta, "not to play the strike with good humour as it is a life's battle to workers."

He refuted the Socialist charge of violence against Communists and asked the sponsors of the strike "not to raise political controversies but to carry on the strike quite peacefully when the workers are so splendidly united."

—Local Report.

* * *

Reports of further fighting between the supporters of Sardar Ibrahim and Pakistan authorities in the Poonch area have, says the UPI, reached Delhi, adding that the Pakistan authorities have seized the arms of Sudhan tribes, who are supporters of Sardar Ibrahim and have removed the "Azad" units from Poonch and kept them under strict surveillance.

Which further confirms our opinion about the origin of these troubles and also about the reality regarding Sardar Ibrahim.

* * *

Peshawar has let out a report to the effect that preparations are in progress in the tribal belt for launching what is described as "holy war to liberate the 32 lakhs of Kashmiri Muslims if the U.N. fails to do justice in Kashmir."

Evidently Khan Abdul Qaiyum Khan is rising to the occasion which demands some counter-blast—which must be loud even if nothing else—to the Ibrahim revolt against Pakistan.

* * *

President Truman predicts that the United Nations would eventually take over his Point IV Programme and develop it into a "world-wide effect to further the economic and social progress of the peoples."

Provided the United Nations does manage to reach that eventuality.

* * *

In the Political Committee of the annual assembly at Geneva, of the World Federation of U.N. Associations a resolution was passed with American approval that Communist China should be admitted to the United Nations "provided it could fulfil its obligations under Article IV of the U.N. Charter."

Who does not? And who actually does?

* * *

Lake Success report: M. Jacob Malik, Soviet delegate, proposed formally that all the (Security) Council's actions between January 13 and August 1 be struck off the record on the ground that that they were "illegal". His proposal was defeated by 10 votes to 1.

Now M. Jacob Malik should formally propose that all the other ten members be declared "illegal".

* * *

Peking Radio, according to a Hong Kong report, says the Chinese (Communist) Government will not allow a United Nations Mission to China to investigate charges of American air violations until it is represented on the Security Council.

But it will not mind making charges of American air violations to the Security Council and allowing the United Nations to accept them.

* * *

By the way, apropos, we mean, of purges in Ceylon on the ground of spying for America, we are keenly interested to have an authoritative and consolidated list of "American spies" in the Communist Party of India.

* * *

According to a review of the results of the military occupation of Japan, one of its achievements has been that from abject slavery, the women of Japan have been fully enfranchised.

So that the occupation of Japan is an unmixed or mixed evil according to your courage of expression.

WHITHER CONGRESS?

By K. S. Ramaswami

Whither Congress Whither Gandhism?

These are the questions that weigh heavily on the minds of most men as the Indian National Congress meets for its 56th session at Nasik on September 20.

The two-day session of the Congress has to grapple with problems of varying magnitude, in the political as well as the economic fields, and take vital decisions for their solution.

It is widely believed today that the Congress, which valiantly fought for the country's freedom for nearly six decades is fast floundering due to party intrigues and power politics.

EXISTING FACTIONS

The relentless race for he presidentship of the Nasik session by three Congress veterans, was itself quoted as an eloquent testimonial to the existence of factions within the organisation.

The President-elect, Mr. Purushottamdas Tandon has captured the Congress Gadi with a majority of 214 votes over those of Acharya Kripalani who secured as many as 1092 votes.

Sixty-eight-year-old Tandon has a veritable task in steering the country clear of all pitfalls and failings, especially in view of the coming general elections.

In its long history, the Congress has not only defied the iron-hand of the British administration, but also freed the country from the yoke of foreign domination.

But degeneration has of late crept into the organisation in slow doses, rendering the rank and file of the party, inept and inactive.

No less a person than Pandit Nehru himself testified to this, when he told some Congress workers last month at Delhi: "The Congress is slack in many respects. It is due to our internal weakness. And this may alone do us damage as shown by history."

SETTING THE HOUSE IN ORDER

Hence the Nasik session, to be held on the banks of river Godavari, has to take a stock of the situation obtaining in the country vis-a-vis its position and diagnose the disease that has overtaken the Congress.

The session has the primary duty of chalking out a practicable programme for the solution of the problems of the present and discussing the prospects for the future, with special reference to the ensuing general elections.

The problems before the session are multifarious and each problem has different facets to be examined. While the fall in the power as well as prestige of the Congress is mostly attributed mainly to its divergence from the Gandhian path, it has also been due the administrative weakness of some of the State Governments

The country is today rent with internal strife, communal rancour, provincial feelings and parochial outlook. The Congress of the Gandhian days strived for unity among Indians for the achievement of independence and it succeeded. But with the passing away of the Mahatma, his ideals also seem to have been forgotten.

The Nasik session has first to think of setting the house in order before embarking upon the electioneering campaign. The Congress has to perform a herculean task, in winning its lost prestige and power, before the general election next year. It can no longer depend merely on slogans, for slogans are also the political weapons of the opposition.

CREDIT AND DEBIT

While several actions of the Congress governments have been objects of severe criticism, one cannot deny their achievements in the three years since independence.

On the credit side, the Government has integrated the fissiparous units of the country and has raised the international status of India.

In continuing this task, the Government has to receive the approval of the Nasik session, which is likely to discuss the internal political policy of the Government as well as the foreign policy.

In Kashmir problem, India's political problem number one, the Indian Government has the support of the people, though it is desired that a settlement to the problem should be reached ere long, since the stationing of Indian troops in Kashmir is a severe drain on the country's finance.

DYNAMIC NEUTRALITY

On the international side, India's policy of "dynamic neutrality" as put in operation in the question of Korea, has to receive the approbation of the session. The new policy does not differ much from the erstwhile policy of "ploughing a lonely furrow in the international political field" except that it envisages India's active participation in world politics, without entangling the country in a war.

While grateful to the Government for giving him security during these troublous times, the man in the street is disappointed at what he considers as the failure of the Government in the economic sphere. He believes that the Government has failed to furnish the country with enough food and other essential articles and also to check spiralling prices.

Food is priority number one among the country's economic problems.

FOOD PROBLEM

The country has got to keep the "wolf from the door."

Though Pandit Nehru recently asserted that there was enough food to go round in the country, yet reports of starvation and near-famine conditions in some states have almost become a daily feature in the press.

The procurement and distribution machinery in the different states have miserably failed in the past and steps have to be taken to overhaul them before the country can talk of self-sufficiency. The programme of stopping food imports by the end of 1951 by filling the gap of ten per cent food deficit, has however to wait better production conditions anod procurement policy. The situation, which was worsened last year by the Andhra cyclones and failure of monsoon in some states, has been further aggravated by the recent floods in eastern India and the earthquake devastations in upper Assam.

The next in importance and urgency is the problem of the refugees. Their number has increased since the beginning of this year, with the heavy influx of large of number of displaced persons from East Pakistan. Mr. Tandon, to whom refugee rehabilitation has become almost a life mission might perhaps bring home to the Congress committees and Governments the necessity for planned resettlement of these unfortunate people.

'DIFFICULT, BUT NOT DESPERATE'

The general economic situation in the country is summed up as "difficult but not desperate". Labour unrest is once again visible in the form of strikes and demonstrations. Capital continues to be "shy". The favourable trade balance, India had with the dollar countries since the devaluation of the Rupee, has now shown signs of turning into adverse balance of trade. Production is hampered by ill-advised strikes. Political parties are busy wooing the labour for victory in the coming general election. The Government's vascillating industrial policy has earned to it only discredit and loss. There is a general scarcity of all essential commodities. The cost of living is high and the rising spiral of prices has not been checked effectively. The "disinflationary" policy of the Government has not been much of a success, since economies effected in Governmental expenditure has been meagre.

Moreover, co-operation from the State Governments to the Central Government to tide over the economic crisis was also not freely forthcoming. In fact, some states, which had taken on hand the implementation of certain wild-goose chase plans, approached the Central Government for financial aid. To cite an extreme example, the introduction of prohibition, though a Congress pledge and intended to do good to the common man, has reduced the state revenues of Bombay and Madras by several crores, resulting on both Governments shelving most of their industrial development projects and nation-building activities. The State Governments went ahead with these revenue-losing programmes, in spite of a request from Pandit Nehru, asking them to "go-slow" with these moral reforms"

LAW AND LIBERTY

In the social life, there has been many a friction in recent times between law and liberty. The civil liberties of the individual as guaranteed by the constitution has often come into clash with the ordinances and acts passed by state legislatures and the Preventive Detention Act. In most of these cases, State High Courts delivered judgmen. in favour of the individual as against the State.

There is already a growing trend of opinion in the country that the Congress, which stood for safeguarding individual liberty in the past, is now failing in its duty, as the party in power. Drastic executive action has become the order of the day in many states. Police firing on defiance of bans and on protest demonstrations have come to stay. This deplorable state of affairs should be remedied, if the party wants to continue as a "democratic party." While firm action against those who preach and practice violence will be welcomed by one and all, indiscriminatory use of such executive power is likely to land the party in the danger of being thrown out of power.

Other social evils, which the Congress Governments have encouraged by inaction is communalism, provincialism, linguism and parochialism. These are more prominent today than ever before. They disrupt the normal social life and have brought infamy to the purity of the organisation. The Nasik session will have to seriously think of a "purge" of Communalists within the organisation.

THE FUTURE

While, thus the present problems envelop the country in darkness, the prospects for the future are none too bright. Whatever might be the failings of the Congress, there is no second party in the country today to replace the Congress in leadership. To a certain extent, it is this overconfidence that has given some state Governments a myopic vision. If the State Governments continue their shortsighted policies, they will not be returned with the sweeping majorities, they have commanded till now. Disgruntled elements there are many. Labour is today being exploited by the political parties, which by the use of certain hackneyed phrases, have successfully managed to shift the loyalties of the labourers from one party to another. But the white-collar worker, a representative middle class man-the backbone of society-is today a disillusioned creature. He will only cast his lot with the party that will act and not merely talk.

Since the last session of the Congress, held at Jaipur in 1948, many significant changes have taken place in the political and economic spheres. The prestige of the Congress is comparatively on the wane than it was at the time of the last session.

The Nasik session has to examine the pros and cons fur such a state of affairs and prescribe a remedy that will cure the ills, "inherent" in the organisation.

The session has also to state in unequivocal terms the views of the Congress on nationalisation of industries, industrialisation of the country, introduction of revenue-losing reforms, and rehabilitating millions of refugees.

On the political side, the party has to declare its views on policy towards communists, and communalists.

CRUCIAL DECISIONS

The session's crucial decisions on the outstanding problems and its solution for them, ought to provide the people with a basic idea of the party's election manifest. With the date of the election still undecided it would not be possible for the party to issue its election manifesto. But a clear indication of the general electioneering programme of the party and the issues involved will surely go a long way in restoring confidence among the public in the objectives and declared ideals of the Congress.

Already there is a widespread feeling in the country that the essentials of Gandhism are being mis-intrepreted and mis-understood by many Congress Governments in the states Public opinion has also veered round to this view now. Hence it is the primary duty of the session to clarify the position.

PURGE NECESSARY

Above all, the Congress has to order a purge of all disruptive elements within the organisation. In the few years since independence, the country has witnessed many faction-fights and group rivalries in the Congress committees and Ministries of various states, leading to enquiries and investigations by the central working committee.

The Madras ministerial inquiry in Andhra Provincial Congress Committee affair, intermittents changes in the Punjab Ministry, the bunglings of the Congress ministries in the various small states, the formation of the rebel group in the United Provinces are but signs as to the direction in which the wind is blowing.

The session has to take cognizance of these facts, and take drastic action against indiscipline in the party if it wants to survive the present crisis within the organisation—PTI-feature.

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Bribing The Security Council

The Security Council—especially those who inspire its opinions, we mean Great Britain and the United States — has not betrayed any particular objectivity or even regard for its own obligations under the U.N. Charter on the Kashmir issue. Quite possibly this has encouraged Mr. Yusoof Abdullah Haroon, Pakistan's High Commissioner in India to make the statement that Pakistan had been unable to send troops to Korea because of the Kashmir deadlock. But this shows the extent to which Pakistan feels it can easily go in hoodwinking the Security Council and the United Nations. No sensible person can regard it as anything but obvious and even crude hypocrisy. But the point is that Mr. Haroon's indirect hint constitutes blatant and unashamed offer of a bribe to this World Organisation not only to compound the crime of aggression but even to approve it and help Pakistan make a complete success of it. This is an insult not only to the intelligence of the Security Council but to the honour of those who profess loyalty to the U.N. Charter and to the high moral obligation of seeing to it that "aggression does not pay".

Raising Living Standards

Mr. Eugene R. Black, President of the International Bank, in his address to the fifth annual session of the International Bank, only stressed a known fact when he said that the development of a country could only be achieved by acceptance of responsibility, hard work and sacrifice. He indicated that the economic structures which permit relatively few persons to enjoy most of a nation's income, have to be changed if the standard of living is to be raised. All this is common knowledge, even in countries where the change is most necessary. There is today no part of the world where it is not appreciated that the old order must go. But there are other factors which require to be taken into account. No economic planning can be effected without some measure of social readjustment. But political forces beyond our control are pressing heavily on our socio-economic needs, either pushing us too fast or obstructing change. In Asian countries which are in need of assistance from outside, the end of colonial rule has come about at a time when the economic situation borders on the desperate. Centuries of imperial rule have drained the resources, retarded the industrial development and sapped the morale of whole peoples. Whilst the level of living sunk at this end, the very forces which brought this about, raised it in the West. It is natural, therefore, that we should for all our self-reliance look westward for aid in the crisis that now faces us. And the nature of present conditions makes it desirable for the West in its own interest to respond to that call.

Approach To Prime Minister

In a statement issued on Saturday last, Mr. Raja Kulkarni, General Secretary of the Socialist Mill Mazdoor Sabha which is conducting the Textile Strike, has made an interesting suggestion. He has, in fact, written a letter to the Prime Minister, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, asking him whether it would be possible for him to meet the strikers at Shivaji Park at 4 p.m. on September, 15, so that they could place their point of view before him. If the purpose behind the request is a sort of propaganda demonstration, as was the last 'general strike,' nothing need be said about it. But, if it is more than that, may we suggest to Mr. Kulkarni that a logical corollary of his request should have been, if not the previous calling off of the strike, an offer by the Mill Mazdoor Sabha that the Sabha and strikers would abide by whatever the Prime Minister might say after hearing their point of view? That would have been a fair offer, which, moreover, could alone justify, if at all, a request to the Prime Minister directly to intervene in this unfortunate dispute. But we see no hint of it in Mr. Kulkarni's reported request to the Prime Minister Secondly, if the Prime Minister's intervention was sought, it would not need a public meeting at Shivaji Park.

Thought For The Day

Time drinketh up the essence of every great and noble action which ought to be performed but is delayed in the execution.

—VISHNU SHARMA.

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Assam Relief

I have read the appeals made by the President and others for the relief of the Assam victims. Everybody in India has a great sympathy for our bereaved brethren and will help in their cause as much as he can, but I would humbly make a few suggestions in this respect so that a great amount of money for their relief fund be assured and the foodgrains also, so very necessary, be collected and sent to Assam for their immediate need.

Every Government servant from the lowest to the highest (including Rly., P.O. & Police) should forego his three days' salary.

All semi-Government servants (in Schools, Colleges, Banks, Co-operative Societies, Improvement Trusts etc.) should be forced to contribute their two days' pay towards the relief of the victims.

The Grain quota of two days in a month should be deducted from the rations of all ration card holders, excepting from those who will contribute their pay for no one will die if one does not get ration for two days, in a month but the cost of these two days' ration should be realised from the card holder, while taking ration. The grain so accumulated be sent to Assam by Air.

One tenth of the Sales Tax proceeds from any State should be set apart for the relief of our Assam brethren and this money be utilised in the purchase of good grains for them.

All entertainment tax realised on a particular day from all the Cinemas of the country should be collected and used for relief purpose.

Until and unless such steps are taken, voluntary contributions alone will not be sufficient.

—MANOHARLAL BHARGAVA
Jatanbar, Banaras

— —

Protest Of Sepoys

The service-rolls of the Sepoys of the Central Excise Department, it is feared, are either misplaced or lost at the time of bifurcation of the Department into Salt and Central Excise, in the year 1948. As a result the Sepoys are not sanctioned their earned leave with full wages. In the case of an emergency, the Sepoys have to proceed on leave without pay, despite a number of months of privilege-leave at their credit.

The work of settlement and adjustment of increments and arrears of wages, transfer-allowance etc., is kept pending for years together. Their departmental efforts as well as through the Union have proved to be futile. Fourth to 11th September is being observed as a "PROTEST" throughout Bombay, C.P. & Berar, U.P., and Delhi. A number of meetings were held protesting against the mismanagement, inefficiency and chaotic conditions of the Department. Four hundred sepoys, particularly, posted at Textile Mills and Factories, at Bombay are wearing badges on their Uniforms exhibiting their grievances and hardships to Public.

—S. V. MARATHE
General Secretary
Central Excise Employees' Union

Bhadran Mahal

The people of Bhadran Mahal were shocked to hear that the Bombay Government was intending to abolish Bhandran Mahal and that it was to be merged with Borsad Taluka.

Telegrams have been sent to the Bombay Government expressing their opposition against abolishing Bhadran Mahal, and requesting to reconsider their opinion. Preparations are going on to send a deputation to express their disapproval, against Government intention. Government is doing an injustice to the people of Bhadran Mahal, who have played a great role in Independence Struggle, on the ground that it is too small to exist, while actually there are 25 Talukas or Mahals smaller in size and in population than Bhadran Mahal, which are existing now in Gujarat. Bhadran Taluka Congress Committee has unanimously passed a resolution against abolishing Bhadran Mahal. The people of Bhadran observed a complete hartal on 8th Sept. to express their dissatisfaction.

—M. B. PATEL

Minority Convention

In a representative meeting of the minority of West Bengal, a resolution was passed for convening a Conference of the minority of West Bengal for discussing various problem, vitally affecting them and a Reception Committee was formed. In a meeting of the Working Committee, formed under the said Reception Committee, it had been decided to hold a convention of the minority of the Indian Republic instead of the West Bengal Minority Convention for discussing also the problems of the minority of the other Indian Provinces in Calcutta during the next autumn. A meeting of the Reception Committee and the representatives of the minority of India would be held on 17-9-50 at 2 p.m. in the Muslim Institute, Calcutta. Finance and Publicity Sub-Committees had also been formed in the meeting. The Head office and the Branch offices of the Reception Committee had been set at No 8, Zakaria Street and 25B. Meher Ali Mandal Street, Alipore Calcutta.

—A. K. M. MUNSEF ALI

TEAR GAS USED ON CROWD IN JAPAN

Police Battle With Irate Cycle Race Spectators

TOKYO, Sept. 10. (PTI-Reuter).

FOUR-HUNDRED police used pistols and two tear gas bombs in a four-hour battle with 20,000 rioting spectators at a bicycle race in Naruo near Kobe last night.

The spectators were upset when a "long-shot" won one of the races. They threw stones smashing panes at the booking booth and twice tried to set fire to the stadium.

One police officer and three ticket sales girls were seriously injured.

After four hours of the free fight the police dispersed the rioters. According to the Japanese News agency they made 150 arrests.

The races had been arranged to raise funds for the relief of those suffering from the recent typhoon "Jane" which killed 200 people and left 2,250,000 homeless in Kobe and Osaka, a week ago.

VICTORY NOT YET PREDICTABLE

But Tide Turning Against Korean Reds

"The Communist enemy in Korea was still attacking, but his attacks no longer had the fearsome power he had put into his drives three weeks before. The tides of war setting against him," "Time" Magazine reports in a survey of the War in Asia in its issue of September 4.

"Time" explains, "The Allies were steadily getting more man power, weapons, supplies, mobility; Allied morale was skyhigh; more and more Reds were surrendering. The enemy seemed, as one observer said, to be running out of plans. He was merely prooing for soft spots and not finding any that could be exploited as he hoped. General Walker, who only a month ago had once issued a stand-or-die order, now found it necessary to voice a warning against overconfidence.

"The military improvement signalled an open season for prophecies and speculations on when the Allies would break out of the perimeter in a general counter-offensive. 'In the lines it was widely taken for granted that a breakout would be made in a matter of weeks. 'We'll never even find a North Korean soldier," said a colonel, 'They'll take off their uniforms and become refugees.' In Tokyo, one of General MacArthur's comfortable spokesmen said that the war might just possibly, be won by late November."

But "Time" points out that "Such predictions ignored not only the facts of life of the Korean war itself but the facts of life in the rest of Asia and the world. Moscow may have been severely disconcerted by the bold U. S. intervention in Korea, but Stalin's men have a way of recovering quickly from surprises. Facing this week's situation, they were well aware that nearly all combat-ready ground troops at U. S. disposal, except for thin minimum needs for garrison duty, were committed or soon would be in Korea. No man could soundly predict victory in Korea by late November or for that matter by the following November unless he ignored the possibility that Moscow might set up a brushfire somewhere else, or intensify the force in Korea by getting China's Communist troops into the battle."

In the cover story in its September 4 issue, "Time" reports on the U. S. Air Force's Strategic Air Command, the men and the weapon—the atomic bomb—which in Winston Churchill's words were the one "effective deterrent" hanging over the heads of the Soviet Politbureau—the likeliest reason why Russia's agressors have so far started a proxy war in Korea, and not the big one.

Stop Press

STRATEGIC EXPORTS TO SOVIET BLOC

Acheson To Urge Ban

WASHINGTON, Sept. 9 (PTI-Reuter): United States Secretary of State Dean Acheson is expected to submit proposals for restricting strategic exports to "Iron Curtain" countries at the Atlantic Pact Foreign Ministers meeting in New York next week.

Government officials said today it would be a "fair assumption" that the United States would seek, at this meeting, to get agreement on a common policy more in line with the United States policy of banning an extensive range of materials from Soviet bloc trade.

American concern over the possibility of the Russians obtaining vital materials from the Western Allies has heighted, they said, by the outbreak of the Korean war and increased international tension.

Mr. Charles Sayer, United States Secretry of Commerce, was reported to have told the National Sales Executives Association that he had issued orders to stop shipments of strategic United States materials to any country which sent similar materials even from its own production to the Soviet bloc.

Commerce officials denied that such an order had been issued, but said Mr. Sayer had previously made it clear that a measure of this kind was "in the works". Officials here admitted the United States definition of "strategic materials" was broader than that of some of the Western European nations.

Jap Clocks Turned Back One Hour

TOKYO, Sept. 9 (PTI-Reuter): Daylight saving time in Japan will end at midnight when clocks will be turned back one hour.

Japanese time will then be nine hours ahead of GMT.

After five week's stay in England, the party of Ferguson Tractor distributors returned to Bombay on Monday. Picture shows the warm welcome they had during their visit to Ferguson Works at Coventry

MALAN BUILDING UP FASCIST STATE

British Liberals Condemn Move To Annex S. W. Africa

LONDON, Sept. 9 (PTI-Reuter).

THE British Liberal Party Council today passed a resolution urging the British Government to condemn at the United Nations General Assembly "the action of the South African Government in proposing to annex South-West Africa."

The resolution stated: "This Council urges the Government to make clear at the forthcoming meeting of the General Assembly of the United Nations that the British Government, and people strongly deprecate the action of the South African Government in proposing to annex the mandated territory of South-West Africa, and in refusing to conform to the opinion as to the status of the territory recently expressed by the International Court."

LIKE HITLER

Moving the resolution, Mr. Dingle Foot, a Vice-President of the Liberal Party, said "Dr. Malan is building up a Fascist State. His attitude towards the African native peoples is not very different from that of Hitler towards the Jews". They are to be condemned to a perpetually inferior status. We in Britain cannot restrain or overrule the South African Government, but at least we need not give the impression that we approve what they do. "Yet that is what has happened. If for two years running, the issue of South-West Africa is raised at the Assembly of the United Nations and our representatives have nothing to say, we cannot be surprised if the African people draw their own conclusions.

ONE MORE CHANCE

"We have one more chance this year, if British spokesmen can then make it clear that the British Government and people are entirely against the action of the Malan Government in relation to South-West Africa and detest the policy of racial discrimination which the Malan Government pursues".

U. S. Loan To Persia

WASHINGTON, Sept. 10 (PTI-Reuter): The State Department yesterday described as "premature" reports that the United States was planning to make a substantial loan to Persia.

Mr. Michael McDermott State Department spokesman, at a news conference expressed American confidence in the stability of the Persian Government. He expected it would receive help in the economic development of the country.

New A.I.W.C. Chief

NEW DELHI, Sept. 9. (PTI): Mrs. Hannah Sen has been elected President of the All-India Women's Conference. The election was held last week when the Standing Committee of the AIWC met in Calcutta.

Speculations About Pak Rupee

PARIS Sept. 9. (PTI-Reuter): Mr. Deshmukh and the other members of the Indian Delegation had been invited together with the other foreign delegates by the French Government for an excursion to Avignon, South of France, once famous as the seat of the popes, but Mr. Keith Roy, Secretary of the Delegation, said "routine" work had kept the delegation in Paris.

There was some speculation as to whether the "routine" work might not include informal discussion between the Indian and Pakistan Delegations on the exchange ratio of the Pakistan rupee, but no confirmation on the matter was available from either delegation.

The Indian delegation will be the guests of Sardar H. S. Malik, Indian Ambassador in Paris, at dinner tonight at which the Indian Minister in Berne Mr. Dhirubhai Desai, now on a short visit here, will also be present.

International Cotton Advisory Committee

LAHORE, Sept 9 (PTI): The International Cotton Advisory Committee with a membership of nineteen countries will hold its next annual meeting in Lahore in February 1951, it is learned.

Midnight Encounter

JAMMU, Sept. 9 (PTI): A gang of dacoits who were also reported to be running an underground distillery were arrested by the State police at midnight yesterday after an encounter lasting half an hour at Chinore near Jammu.

Fortyfive barrels of illicit liquor were recovered from their possession.

Police Help To Conduct Congress Elections

LUCKNOW Sept. 10 (PTI): Mr Lal Bahadur Shastri, Home Minister Uttar Pradesh told the U.P Legislative Assembly today that the State Government had drafted 432 police and 200 Rakshak Dal volunteers at the polling booths of Congress Panchayat election at Kanpur to prevent any disturbance of peace there.

Mr Shastri said that six magistrates accompanied the police force which consisted of ordinary police (289) mounted police (30) provincial armed constabulary (113).

Munshi To Visit Gwalior

GWALIOR, Sept. 9 (PTI): Mr K. M. Munshi, India's Food & Agriculture Minister, is to pay a three-day visit to Gwalior on September 25, it is learnt.

U. S. POLICY TOWARDS FORMOSA

Status To Be Decided In Jap Peace Treaty Talks

NEW YORK, Sept. 10.

THIS is a purely American viewpoint as developed by American-Asia 'experts" here.

Considerable apprehension is felt in certain Asiatic and European circles, regarding Asiatic American policy toward, and actions relating to, the Island of Formosa. These apprehensions have been increased by the recent visit to the island of General MacArthur, and the inferences drawn from his meetings with General Chiang Kai-shek. The assumption of Asiatic and European critics appears to be that their government, having extended recognition to the Communist regime in China, also recognized, in advance, its claims to sovereignty over Formosa; and they fear that America's assumption of the protection of the island from a Communist invader may lead to war between the United States and Red China, in which the British Empire, although an unwilling party, may well become involved.

It is important, therefore, that both the American and the Asiatic and European attitudes should be clarified.

Until the cession of Formosa to the Japanese in 1895, China in fact exercised little more control over the island than she did over Korea, by reason of her claims to suzerainty. The agreement reached at Cairo in December, 1943, that after the conclusion of the war, Formosa was to be included among the territories to "be returned to the Republic of China," could only become fully operative on the signature of a peace treaty with Japan, confirming retrocession. In the interval the status of the Chinese (or other Allied) forces there can only be that of an army of occupation upon enemy soil! It is to be regretted that America and her allies did not make this clear by a caveat when Chiang Kai-shek and the remnants of the Chinese Nationalist forces fled to Formosa, and claimed to have established their government there. That President Truman did not intend to give formal recognition of Chinese (Nationalist) sovereignty over the island is shown by the final passage of his statement ordering the 7th Fleet to prevent any attack upon Formosa, which read: "The determination of the future status of Formosa must await the restoration of security in the Pacific, a peace settlement with Japan or consideration by the United Nations."

It may be presumed, therefore, that when General MacArthur visited Formosa it was not in the capacity of an ally of Chiang Kai-shek-whose presence and activities upon Formosa are resented by a majority of the Formosan-but as Commander-in-Chief of the Allied Forces of Occupation in the former Japanese war zone. Critics of American policy would have some justification for their attitude if his visit implied a move to defend Formosa for the benefit of the remnants of the Kuomintang. To reassure America's allies none of whom have so far approved of her Formosan policy, it should be made clear, beyond all dispute, that it is not the status of Formosa as Chinese Nationalist territory that is to be protected by the American fleet-or General MacArthur-but that as the President indicated in his formal statement, the determination of that status must await restoration of security in the Pacific, conclusion of a peace treaty with Japan or consideration by the United Nations.

As the main contributor to Allied victory in the Pacific, and as the leading occupying power, America would appear to be fully justified in demanding — and insuring — that Formosa be considered, and dealt with, as occupied territory, until one of the three possibilities mentioned by President Truman materializes. British and other critics should not be allowed to persist in the erroneous view that Formosa is Chinese territory now, and that logically, therefore, by recognizing the Chinese Communist regime the wisdom of which is being more and more questioned in political circles—recognition has also been given to Chinese Communist claims to sovereignty over the island. The unfortunate inferences drawn from General MacArthur's recent visit make it more than ever imperative that the distinction between "sovereignty" and "military occupation" be emphasized. Only thus can a Communist onsalught upon Formosa be denounced as an act of aggression, which America (and her allies) are justified in resisting.

In his report to the Secretary of State, dated Aug. 17 1947 General Wedemeyer wrote:

"There were indications that Formosans would be receptive toward United States guardianship and United Nations trusteeship. They fear that the Central Government contemplates bleeding their island to support the tottering and corrupt Nanking machine, and I think their fears are well founded."

(P. G. KRISHNAYYA'S SERVICE)

8 LAKH TONS SURPLUS RICE IN BURMA

MADRAS, Sept. 9, (PTI): Rice crops in Burma this year are promising and the country will have an exportable surplus of about eight lakhs tons.

This view is understood to have been conveyed by U. Thakin Tin, former Agricultural Minister of Burma, now here for medical treatment, to the Madras Ministers on whom he paid a courtesy call today.

The exact rice surplus of Burma would, however, be known only in December.

"If private merchants are allowed to purchase rice, influential countries will corner available stock and financially weaker nations will suffer" said Mr. Thakin Tin.

Cattle Breeders Co-Ops

AHMEDABAD, Sept. 9. (PTI): The Government of Bombay have decided to open cattle breeders co-operative colonies on Government waste lands wherever they are available. Twenty-six colonies have already been opened in Mehsana district and more will be opened in Ahmedabad and Sabarkantha districts.

Each colony is assigned about three hundred bighas of land free of land revenue for first five years. Cattle sheds, houses and implements are also provided by Government.

Red Atrocities

MADRAS September 9.

Mr. K Madhava Menon, Education and Law Minister told a questioner in the Madras assembly today that 95 people were killed in Communist atrocities in the state since June 1949.

Compensation was paid in one deserving case.

N.U.S. CONVENTION

Representation Rules Explained

BOMBAY, Sunday.

Mr. Ravindra Varma and Mr. Sugata Das Gupta, conveners of the National Preparatory Committee for the National Union of Student (India) said in a statement today that they had received letters sent by heads of the collegiate institutions as well as by student office-bearers of college unions enclosing lists of delegates to the convention.

According to rules of representation at the convention" they added "only delegates elected by the general body of a college union or nominated by an elected executive of a college union will be regarded as competent to represent any college or university.

The conveners requested that the method in which the delegates were chosen be made clear by the college union authorities and principals while forwarding their lists to them.

Mr. Harshawardhan Bhatt Public Relations Secretary for the Convention announces that a branch office of the reception committee for the convention has been opened for the north Bombay Colleges at the Khalsa college.

He requests students of North Bombay colleges to contact that office for further instructions and for enrolment as volunteers for the convention.

Protest Against Dang Decision

AHMEDABAD, Sept. 9.

A protest against the decision of the Bombay State Delimitation Committee to link Dang with Nasik district was voiced at a meeting of the Executive Committee of the Gujarat Chamber of Commerce this evening.

The Committee appointed a subcommittee, including Mr. Kasturbhai Lalbhai, President of the Chamber, to agitate against the decision of the Delimitation Committee. It was stated at the meeting that Dang was "part and parcel of Gujarat, and any contrary decision was unjust and arbitrary."

The Two-Way Exodus

NEW DELHI, Sept. 9. (PTI): Hindus numbering 2,08,753 migrated from East Bengal to West Bengal in August, it is learnt.

The number of Muslims who migrated from West Bengal to East Bengal in August was 70,249.

The reverse movement of Hindus in the same month from West Bengal to East Bengal was 1 82,434 and of Muslims from East Bengal to West Bengal 91,709.

SELF-DENYING ORDINANCE MUST CONTINUE

SIMLA, Sept 9 (PTI): The Punjab Governor Sir Chandulal Trivedi said today that self-denying ordinance of giving up cereals once a week must continue.

He told a students gathering here that the Punjab had achieved an exportable surplus in foodgrains this year that but the recent floods had not only damaged stocks with government and cultivators but "may have seriously affected standing crops."

Warning To Jute Firms

DACCA, Sept. 9. (UPI): Mr. Ghulam Farouq, Chairman of the Jute Board has warned the jute firms in East Bengal that unless they have the interests of the country at heart and become independent of dictation from outside, Government might have to intervene to remedy the situation.

"Policies must be made at Narayanganj and not somewhere else, he declared at the annual general meeting of the Pakistan Jute Association.

ANTI-CAPITAL AGITATION IN PUNJAB TO END?

"Satyagrahis" To Negotiate With Punjab Government

AMBALA, Sept. 10. (PTI).

THE end of the five-month-old anti-capital agitation in the Chandigarh region of Ambala District is now in sight.

Sardar Bhuman Singh Sandhu, Secretary of the anti-Rajdhani Committee, informed the press Trust of India today that the Anti-Rajadhani Committee, conducting the "anti-capital Satyagraha" had unanimously decided to negotiate with the Punjab Government for a satisfactory solution of the capital tangle, as desired by it on August 30 last.

A six man sub-committee was also constituted by the Anti-Rajdhani Committee to conduct negotiations with the Government and sent Master Thakur Singh and Sardar Gande Singh to Simla for the purpose on September 8. Both negotiators meet the Chief Minister, Dr Gopichand Bhargava, Mr. Prithavi Singh Azad Labour Minister, and Mr. P. N. Thapar, Administrator of the capital project, and requested them to bring about a solution of the dispute acceptable to the ousted peasants.

It is understood that the Chief Minister has deputed Mr Prithvi Singh Azad to conduct the negotiations with the ousted on the spot.

WHIPPING FOR BLACKMARKETEERS

SRINAGAR, Sept 9 (UPI): Hoarders and blackmarketeers in foodgrains will be whipped in Kashmir.

In this connection, the foodgrains Enhanced Penalties ordinance which was promulgated in the state last year has been extended this year also.

U.P. TO STAGE SPORT MEETS

LUCKNOW, Sept. 10. (PTI): The Council of Physical Culture in Uttar Pradesa will organise sports meets in the State during the Hindu festivals, it was learned here today.

The first meet will be held at Lucknow and Allahabad during the forthcoming Holi Festival.

To make women, more sport-loving the Council will held sports for the womenfolk of villages in centrally located villages during the Basant Festival.

JAMMU CONFERENCE

SRINAGAR Sept 9 (PTI): The Working Committee of the Jammu and Kashmir National Conference meeting here this afternoon will review the political developments in the State following the failure of Sir Owen Dixon's mediation efforts, it is learnt.

TRAVANCORE EXPECTS RICE FROM BENGAL

"Dangerous Position" In State

TRIVANDRUM, Sept. 10 (PTI): The Travancore-Cochin Government are anxiously awaiting the arrival of a steamer from Calcutta with 6,000 tons of rice to rush supplies to rice starved coastal talukas of the State.

Several centres report non-rationing of rice or only partial rationing for two weeks and over.

All available supplies are being hurried to these areas to meet the "dangerous situation.

The stock position of rice has been precariously low since July and the State had not been allotted any rice quota for August. The Civil Supplies Commissioner and other officers have rushed to rice-growing areas and so far only about 11 500 tons of paddy have been collected as loan from cultivating landlords.

MAKE SANSKRIT THE STATE LANGUAGE

Demand At Calcutta Meeting

CALCUTTA, Sept. 10 (UPI): The demand that Sanskrit should be made the State language of India was made in a resolution adopted by the Paschim Banga Sanskrit Maha Sammelan today.

The Mahasammelan by another resolution, also demanded the conversion of the Sanskrit Siksha Parishad to a university and the development of Ayurveda. It formed a four-man committee to devise ways and means for the spread of Sanskrit in West Bengal.

Dr Kailash Nath Katju Governor of West Bengal, attended today's final meeting of the session as the chief guest. The conference opened yesterday.

Dr. Katju told the 400 delegates assembled that the present generation of Indians had been reared up according to the English tradition. Sanskrit was now therefore, at an eclipse and would rise to its full stature once again when the next generation of our countrymen would replace the present.

Dr. Katju advised the Sanskrit scholars to set up some body to simplify Sanskrit.

ASSAM RELIEF: The Executive of the U. P Congress Committee decided to issue an appeal to the people of Uttar Pradesh to contribute liberally towards the relief funds for the victims of earthquake and floods in Assam and flood in U P.

ALL INDIA GENERAL
INSURANCE COMPANY LTD.
LIFE FIRE
MARINE ACCIDENT
and
ALL OTHER CLASSES of INSURANCE TRANSACTED
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL Rs.1,25,00,000
PAID UP CAPITAL Rs.31,25,000
HEAD OFFICE:-FORT, BOMBAY.

FRESH STOCKS
OF
BENCARDS
LINCTUS ANTI-ASTHMATIC
HAVE ARRIVED
CAMA NORTON & CO.,
23, MEDOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

National Flag Gets Gimcrack For The Asking

ANOTHER BAD DAY FOR PUNTERS AT POONA

By Our Racing Correspondent

POONA, Sept. 10.

A considerably large Sunday crowd present at the races fared disastrously and late in the evening left the enclosures with long faces.

The star event of the Poona season, the Gimcrack stakes saw only three candidates, National Flag, The Duke and Black Magic face the starter. The race was slow run with the Duke going to the front. Kheem Sing had National Flag in stern check and Black Magic never at any stage of the eight furlongs improve his position and was seen crawling as he passed the wining post. National Flag slipped into the lead up the straight and was still in hand besides the six lengths verdict.

Mr. Badridas Daga's Gang Bhup a recent winner easily claimed today the Kamshet Plate run over twelve furlongs. Damodar took him to the front in the early stage and he travelled very smoothly when scoring convincingly from the late finishing Majestic Way.

The greatly improved Neola, late in the day completed the double for trainer Talib when winning the Kasara Plate over seven furlongss. Mr. Gazdar's speedy filly was a facile winner and if she is out again at Poona she will be hard to catch.

Six tickets only were solved on today's pool event. Each ticket returned Rs. 8757.

The following are the results.

THE SALPA PLATE (Div. III).—7 Furlongs.

Mr. S. Zito's MIRELLA 8-13 Aurobinda 1
Mr. and Mrs. Thakurdas G. Advani's V. DAY 8-7 Sk. Ahmed .. 2
Mr. S. Zito's TITINA 7-2 I. Khan 3
Mr. Homi F. Mehta's WON THOUSAND 8-3 Devaney 4

Not run: Belle Syme, Cascade, Ati's Pride, Chanchal, Romantic Kiss

Won by: Shd., 3/4 length, 2 1/2 lengths.
Time: 1 min. 33 secs.
Tote paid: Win Rs. 59. Places Rs. 30, Rs. 61 and Rs. 60.
Winner trained by Dr. S. K. Pillay.

THE CLUB PLATE (Div. I)—6 Furlongs.

Mr. T. A. Husein's RASHTRAPATI 7-13 Medhe 1
Mr. and Mrs. K. M. Modi's DILKI-BAT 8-13 Kheemsingh .. 2
Mr. Abid H. Doctor's LADY DOCTOR 8-1 P. Khade 3
Maharajadhiraj of Jammu and Kashmir's QUEEN BESS 9-2 Purtusingh 4

Not run: Saita, The Duke. Down South.

Won by: Shd., 1 1/2 length, 3/4 length.
Time: 1 min. 16 secs.
Tote paid: Win Rs. 93. Places Rs. 19, Rs. 16 and Rs. 21.
Winner trained by Powar.

THE SALPA PLATE (Div. I)—7 Furlongs.

Mr. P. B. Avasia's HONEY BUNCH 8-0 Purtusingh 1
Lady Sherbanoo and Sir Sultan Chinoy's MODESTY II 8-4 S. Chavan 2
Mr. E. J. Mashal's DAGANIA 8-9 Medhe 3
Mr. J. R. Bhadani's GOLD SPA 8-7 J. Bhosle 4

Not run: Fairy Way, Malabar Star, Dark Roy, Chandrakor, Cherry Blossom, Nagarpalika.

Won by: 1 3/4 length, 1 1/2 length, 1 3/4 length.
Time: 1 min. 30 1-5 secs.
Tote paid: Win Rs. 76. Places Rs. 23, Rs. 22 and Rs. 22.
Winner trained by Ferguson.

THE GIMCRACK STAKES—1 Mile

Maharaja of Morvi's NATIONAL FLAF 9-3 Kheemsingh 1
Lt. Col. J. F. L. Taylor's THE DUKE 9-3 Antoo 2
Rajkumari Mrudularaje of Akalkot's BLACK MAGIC 9-0 Amir A. 3

Not run: Maharaj Pramukh, Dil-Ki-Bat, Yakin, My Aziza and Imroz.

Won by 6 lengths, 6 lengths.
Time: 1 min. 45 secs.
Tote paid: Win Rs. 14.
Winner trained by Talib.

THE KAMSHET PLATE—(About) 1-1/2 Miles.

Mr. Badridas Daga's GANG BHUP 7-12 Damodar 1
Maharajadhiraj of Jammu and Kashmir's MAJESTIC WAY 9-2 Purtusingh 2
Mr. Diamond's SPRING CHICKEN 7-11 Jagdish 3
Mr. K. M. Modi's DRAGON SEED 7-11 Antoo 4

Not run: Pelion, Masquerade, Happy Go Lucky.

Won by: 3 lengths, Nk., 3 lengths
Time: 2 mins 44 secs.
Tote paid: Win Rs. 37. Places Rs. 16, Rs. 20 and Rs. 20.
Winner trained by Mahomedalli.

THE CLUB PLATE (Div. II)—6 Furlongs.

Mr. and Mrs. Sehgal's MORTON DAISY 8-2 Medhe 1
Mr. Hamza Ali's JUST WAIT 8-11 Hanuman Singh 2
M/s. A. R. Chinoy and Jal H. Mehta's TAMASHA 8-11 Amir A 3
H. H. Akkasaheb Maharaj's IRISH RIGHT 8-12 S. Chavan 4

Not run: Georgette, Tamanna, Royal Guard, Arrak, Indra Mohini, Jamna, Peggotty.

Won by: Shd., 1 3/4 length, 2 lengths.
Time: 1 min. 16 secs.
Tote paid: Win Rs. 176. Places Rs. 45, Rs. 34 and Rs. 20.
Winner trained by F. Rosario.

THE KASARA PLATE—7 Furlongs.

Mr. R. J. Gazdar's NEOLA 8-8 Kheemsingh 1
Rao Saheb D. K. Parker's PAPER KING 8-13 P. Khade 2
Mr. A. S. Motabhoy's MADURI 7-9 Purtusingh 3
Maharani of Gwalior and Mrs. R. S. Tirodkar's SHANE-HIND 9-10 Kasbekar 4

Not run: My Pet, Maharaj Pramukh, Manzoor, Flotilla.

Won by: 1 3/4 length, 3/4 length, 4 lengths.
Time: 1 min. 29 secs.
Tote paid: Win Rs. 16. Places Rs. 13 and Rs. 19.
Winner trained by A. L. J. Talib.

THE SALPA PLATE (Div. II)—7 Furlongs.

Mr. J. R. Bhadani's GAY RADHA 8-10 P. Khade 1
Rajkumari Mrudularaje of Akalkot's FURAT 9-0 R. Bhosle 2
Mr. J. F. G. Stevenson's STEVE 8-10 Purtusingh 3
Mr. M. A. Ansari's CHETNA 8-13 Mahomedali 4

Not run: Marhaba, Carnival Queen, Star of Iran, Aflatoon, Yakin, Ruqaiyya.

Tote paid: Win Rs. 64. Places Rs. 17, Rs. 16 and Rs. 14.
Winner trained by Maj. Jadhav.

Noble Lowers A Record

TEN MILES TIME TRIAL AT THE OVAL

The 10 Miles Time Trial cycle race on 72" Gears was held on Friday the 8th September round the Oval. The results are as under:

1st R. R. Noble (Merry Wheelers) 28m. 17s. (New Record), 2nd A. Menezes (Swastik C. C.) 28m. 8s. 3rd P. Damania (Tata S. C.) 28m. 27s.

The 20 Miles Point-to-Point Cycle race on 72" Gears held this morning round the Oval proved very exciting. On the 10th of the 19 laps J. A. Patel broke away from the bunch and went on increasing the lead till eventually he gained a complete lap over the bunch. The results are as under:

1st J. A. Patel (Ame Badha) 73 pts. Time 1h. 4m. 56.8s. 2nd A. Menezes (Swastik C.C.) 37 pts. 3rd G. Wilson (Dockyard S. C.) 36 points.

J. A. Patel in completing the course in 1 hr. 4m. 56.8s. broke the previous record for the event held by P. R. Sakaari with a time of 1 h. 9m. 23.4s.

Entries are invited for 1 Mile Time Trial Women and 10 Miles Time Trial Novices to be held on 1st October and 30 Miles Madison Cycle Race open to be held on 8th October, 1950. For further particulars please contact the Jt. Hon. Secretary, Swastik Cycling Club, The Reward, Tardeo Road, Bombay 7.

The 1 Mile M. S. for Boys under 16 was won by Soli Bharucha (Empire Wheelers) with Fali Mama (Empire Wheelers) and Desmond Wilson (Bombay C.C.) finishing 2nd & 3rd. Time 3m. 7 secs.

BRITAIN LEADS OVER FRANCE

Five Events Each For Men And Women Athletes

PARIS, Sept. 9 (PTI-Reuter):

Britain's men and women athletes each won five events in the match against France at the Jean Bouin Stadium here this evening. The men gained a first-day lead of 47 points to 30 over France in the two-day contest, and the women led their French rivals by 45 to 32.

John Parlett, European champion and his British teammate Reger Bannister fought out a thrilling finish in the 800 metres, in which Parlett just forged ahead to win in one minute 53.5 seconds.

Marcel Hansenne of France, who had beaten Bannister for second place in the European championships, was forced into third place today by the Briton.

E. MacDonald Bailey of the British team won the 100 metres from European champion, C. Balley of France in ten decimal six seconds.

Micheline Ostermeyer of France, dual olympic champion, won the women's weight with a putt of thirteen decimal two four metres, and a third in the eighty metres hurdles.

The match will be concluded tomorrow

UNUSUAL END TO TT. FINAL

MADRAS, Sept. 10.

An unprecedented occurance in Table Tennis anywhere in India was witnessed here today when the Men's singles final between T. Thiruvengadam and J. V. Satchitananda Rao in the Brahmanandam Memorial Table Tennis Tournament ended inconclusively.

Rao and Thiruvengadam shared the first four sets. In the final one, when the score was one all, the umpire announced the match as 'over' since the ten minutes time-limit fixed for that set had expired and declared it a "No-Decision match"

According to a Table Tennis authority here, this unusual end has only two parallels in the world and that too confined to women

The first instance was in the 1937 World Women's Singles Championship between Miss Rugh Aarons of the United States of America and Miss Trudi Pritzi of Australia. As both were level in the final set when the time-limit expired the women's throne was declared vacant that year

In the Day's Sports

FOOTBALL

Cooperage

4-15 p.m. Indian Gymkhana vs Amateurs (Replay. Rahimtulla Cup).

5-30 p.m. St. Xavier's College vs Grant Medical College (Inter College final).

St. Xavier's Ground, Parel

3-30 p.m. Little Flower H. S. vs St. Stanislaue H. S. (Cawasji Jehangir Cup).

4-30 p.m Reserve Bank vs Kohinoor Mills;

5-30 p.m. Elphinstone Mills vs Young Comrades (Jr. Rovers).

BADMINTON

Bombay Gymkhana

5 p.m. Western India Championships.

TABLE TENNIS

Mysore Association

6-30 p.m. Junior Singles Final, followed by Mixed Doubles Final, followed by Men's Singles Semi-final (Mysore Association Tournament).

Football For Women Banned

LONDON, Sept. 10 (PTI-Reuter).

Football for women is not approved in Britain and a game between women players to be played at Chelmsford in Essex has been banned by the County Association.

The 77 year old Secretary of the Essex Football Association, Mr. J. T. Clarke, in refusing to allow this charity match for the Royal Air Forces Benevolent Fund to be played on the chosen ground, said his association strongly disapproved of women's soccer.

"Apart from the risk of injury it is undesirable", he said. He thought that some men went to look at the girls and not at the play.

Mr. Clarke said the Football Association refused to recognise women's football teams and that if the ground were used for this purpose it would be closed by the association for competitive football.

But the match will take place on a public pitch, though it will not be possible for a collection to be taken.

The Captains of the teams scoffed at the remarks of the Essex Secretary.

The centre forward of one of them, a 17-year-old local beauty queen who has 46 goals to her credit said, "we play in a lady-like way. We do not get hurt because we go for the ball and not the opponent."

YOUNGER PLAYERS IMPRESS

BOMBAY, Sunday:

It was a day out for young players at the Mysore Association Open Table Tennis Tournament, this evening, when the performances of the youngsters were most outstanding, the most important of them being Kumar Ghosh, the Provincial champion and a former international player being extended by S. B. Jog in the quarterfinal of the singles.

Although Jog lost in three straight games, the scores will indicate the closeness of the match.

The two junior player S. L. Bajaj and M. L. Lulla created a major upset when they accounted for the seeded Mistry and Ajgaonker in four keenly fought out games

JUNIOR SINGLES

Semi Finals:—M. L. Lulla beat H. K. Sitharam, 21-19, 21-17; S. L. Bajaj beat P. R. Vedanarayan, 21-16, 21-14.

LADIES SINGLES

Semi Finals:—Miss Indu Desai beat Mrs. C. K. K. Pillay, 21-12, 21-9, 21-16; Miss Jaya Walawalkar beat Miss Silloo Motiwalla, 21-17, 21-18, 12-21, 21-14.

MEN'S SINGLES

Quarter Finals:—Kumar Ghosh beat S. B. Jog, 22-20, 23-21, 21-17; K. N. S. Narayan beat U. S. Bangera, 21-9, 21-13, 21-15; N. B. Mistry beat M. L. Lulla, 21-17, 26-24, 21-1'5; D. P. Sampat beat N. Krishna Murthy, 21-12, 23-25, 21-16, 21-17.

MENS DOUBLES

Semi Finals:—M. L. Lulla and S. L. Bajaj beat N. B. Mistry and S. S. Ajgadkar, 23-21, 11-21, 21-17, 21-19; Kumar Ghosh and K. N. S Narayan beat D. P. Somaya and C. R. Kelekar, 21-11, 19-21, 21-18, 21-16.

MIXED DOUBLES

Second Round:—Mrs. A. Ghosh and Kumar Ghosh beat Miss G. Tarapore and S. B. Jog, 21-16, 5-21, 21-16. 15-21, 21-16, 15-21, 21-13..

Semi Finals:—Miss S. R. Amladi and K. N. S. Narayan beat Mrs. A. Ghosh and Kumar Ghosh 21-18, 21-12, 19-21, 21-19.

NEW YORK, Sept. 9 (PTI-Reuter):

Andy Saddler, who last night won the world featherweight title from Willie Pep, will defend it against Pep in Madison Square Garden here in February.

It will be the boxers' fourth title battle. Saddler won the championship from Pep in their first meeting, lost it again, and last night regained it when Pep had to retire at the end of the seventh round with a dislocated shoulder.

RASHID'S HOLD SWAY

BOMBAY, Sunday.

Early this evening at the Cooperage, Burmah Shell failed to nose out Rashid Sports Club in the Rahimtulla Cup Football Tournament neither side being able to score in spite or extra time being played.

Rashid Sports held a whip hand over the exchanges, but both defences shone. Middlecoat gave a grand display as pivot for Shell, but his opposite number Shankar did the same.

Janki, Verghese and Kuppuswamy were effective workers in Rashids forward line while Maxie, Rego and Michael paved the way for Shell to break through at times.

Towards the end of the second period when Shell had suffered most of the attacking from Rashid's Janki scored what appeared to be from offside position. After protests from the players the referee consulted the linesman and disallowed the goal.

Extra time was played but to no avail, only to see Janki miss a glorious sitter in the closing period again.

The teams were:

RASHID SPORTS: Arieknathan; Lobo, Murthy; Raphael, Shankar, Hussein; Janki, Dass, Ramaswami, Kuppuswamy, Verghese.

BURMAH SHELL: Santiago; Vaidya, Angelo; Francis, Middlecoat, Pinto; Michael, Rego, Maxie, Noronha, Pullical.

Referee: L. M. Fernandes.

Presidency Badminton Tournament Postponed

BOMBAY, Sunday.

At a meeting of the Tournament Committee of the Bombay Presidency Amateur Open Badminton Tournament Championships, held this morning it was decided that the tournament, which was to have taken place from 15th. September to 20th. September, be postponed.

The tournament, is likely to be held sometime in November next.

CULTURE LEAGUE FULLY EXTENDED BY NAVY

Peter's Two Good Goals For Winners In Senior Soccer

BOMBAY, Sunday.

India Culture League made sure of two more points in their bid for Senior Harwood League honours by beating Indian Navy by three goals to one at the Cooperage this evening before a capacity crowd.

Indian Navy started off well and with the way they applied pressure, it was pretty certain that the fate of I.C.L was sealed, but after their first goal the complexion of the game changed and they had to do a lot in defence too

Lyngdoh, Thapa and D. Singh played a brilliant game in defence. The forwards combined will were a terror, but soon their efforts at short passing caused their debacle Mukundan was seen to work hard throughout the game.

India Culture League by virtue of this win have now played 18 games and obtained 30 points. They still have two games left to be played. Tatas who are now at the top of the table have played 19 games and obtained 32 points.

Raghwan, the Navy centre half sent in a marvellous shot from 35 yards out which had Bhoja guessing. He misjudged and the ball entered goalmouth to register the opening goal of the match.

I.C.L tried desperately to make amends and both Laloo and Peter failed to take advantage of the openings provided. Transferring play the Navy wearily got another goal when Shanker shot but Bhoja saved in time by diving for the ball.

The Navy goalkeeper would have caused the I.C.L. to draw level by failing to collect well. Laloo first tapped the ball, but it touched Ray's legs and then Peter attempted to push it in but as it was entering goalmouth Singh kicked it away.

The Culture League were now dictating terms from about the midway stage and repeated attempts by Laloo and Parab proved futile. Then, Peter was given a glorious chance when Parab centred and he made no mistake to give I.C.L. the equalizer and enabled both sides to take the breather on terms.

Soon after resumption I.C.L. went ahead amid thunderous applause when new comer to the side Albert, the right outer sent in a goalmouth centre which Peter headed into goal. Soon Parab sent in a stinging long shot which was deflected in after touching the cross to put the Culture League in a strong position.

Devinder Beats Piruz Comfortably

SUMAN DEODHAR AND MRS. PATWARDHAN IN TWO W. I. BADMINTON FINALS

BOMBAY, Sunday.

INDIA'S ace badminton player, Devinder Mohan, confirmed his victory in the C.C.I. final over the Malayan Piruz, this evening in the semifinal of the Western India Open Badminton Championships, when he "straight-gamed" the Malayan number five in straight games. Devinder now meets Tan Jan Eong in the final tomorrow. The sisters Suman Deodhar and Mrs. Sunder Patwardhan qualified to contest the final by their easy wins over their opponents in the penultimate round.

When Piruz ran up a good lead of 8-1 against India's number one, there were few who were led to believe that the Malayan was not seen at his best when the two met at the C.C.I. some time back. But, once Devinder put in slight pressure, Piruz completely crumpled up, and succumbed to Devinder in the most tame manner, indicating that our own Devinder is as good if not better than the cream of Malaya's players.

The other semifinal however, provided many keen exchanges between two players of very consistent play. Tan Jan Eong, who is seeded number two, tossed and dropped with uncanny accuracy, to get the better of Henry Fereira.

The two sisters Suman Deodhar and Mrs. Sunder Patwardhan recorded easy victories over Miss Phansalkar and Miss Nigudkar respectively.

The men's doubles semifinals provided the packed audience with thrilling badminton. While the one in which Malayans were concerned, resulted in the expceted victory of the visitors by a great margin, the one between Lewis and Devinder and Bhopardikar and Patil, was replete with thrills excitement that usually accompanies such keen encounters.

Devinder Mohan and Lewis won the first game with great comfort, but in the second, Bhopardikar and Patil recovered most extraodrinarily to level the scores. But the final game resulted in a victory for the older combination.

The following were the results:—

Junior's Singles

QUARTERFINALS: C. J. Narwekar beat D. N. Samarth, 15-4, 15-4; J. S. Mehta beat N. V. Narwekar, 15-11, 15-5; S. D. Desai beat L. H. Patel, 15-2 15-1.

Men's Singles

SEMIFINALS: Devinder Mohan beat A. Piruz, 15-12, 15-1, Tan Jan Eong beat Henry Fereira, 15-9, 15-10.

Men's Doubles

SEMINFINALS: G. Legis and Devinder Mohan beat M. K. Bhopardikar and M. S. Patil, 15-9 9-15, 15-11; T. J. Eong and A. Piruz beat R. A. Dongre and G. P. Shirke, 15-11, 15-8.

Women's Doubles

SEMIFINALS: Mrs. N. Lewis and Mrs. P. Athaide beat Miss L. Pandit and Mrs. N. Talekar, 15-11, 15-1; Miss Sunder Deodhar and Mrs. Sunder Patwardhan beat Miss Tehmi Vakil and Mrs. Nirmala Dixit, 15-1, 15-8.

Women's Singles

Mrs. S. Patwardhan beat Miss Betty Farias, 11-6, 11-4; Miss Suman Deodhar beat Miss Sindhu Phansalkar, 15-4, 15-1.

FIXTURES FOR TODAY

5-00 P.M. Popatlal Mohanlal Vs. Sarjoo Prashad or Ramchandra Bhonsle; 5-20 M. Jagani vs J. S. Mehta; 5-40 S. D. Desai vs. C. J. Narwekar; 6-00 Miss S Deodhar and Mrs. S. Patwardhan vs. Mrs. W. Lewis and Mrs. P Athaide; 6-20 Devinder Mohan vs. T. J. Eong; 6-40 Hari Sadoo vs. L. G. Salve; 7-00 H. Ferreira and Miss B. Farias vs. M. S. Patil and Miss S. K. Nigudkar; 7-20 Devinder Mohan and Mrs. M. Pinto vs. T. J. Eong and Miss Suman Deodhar.

Timings of the mixed doubles matches will depend on the results of the Men's Singles semi-finals to be played on Sunday 10th September.

MANKAD, LEADING LEAGUE BOWLER

OLDHAM, Sept. 9 (PTI-Reuter).

Vinoo Mankad, the Indian Test all-rounder who is professional for Castleton Moor in the Central Lancashire League, capped a splendid season today by taking seven Oldham wickets for only six runs in eight overs. He claimed four without conceding a run in his last nine deliveries.

Mankad, who returns to India next Friday, headed the league bowling average with 119 wickets at an average cost of 7.32 runs apiece.

He returns for his third season with Castleton Moor next summer.

BHADA'S BRILLIANT FEAT: 9 FOR 16

Rajkotwalla Scores 92 Runs In Kanga League

BOMBAY, Sunday.

Several outstanding performances, both with the bat and the ball, were witnessed to-day, when after a break of a fortnight the Kanga Cricket League matches were resumed.

The definite results were obtained in all the encounters played today, some of them being decided out-right.

The most outstanding performance of the day was a brilliant 92 by M. T. Rajkotwalla. D. F. Bhada very nearly ran through the entire New Hind Sporting Club, and returned an excellent analysis of 9 wickets of 16 runs.

DIVISION "A"

Young Zoroastrian Cricket Club beat Islam Gymkhana by five wickets and 94 runs on the first innings.

ISLAM GYMKHANA 1st Innings: K. C. Kassam 35, S. V. Kadri 9, E. S. Maka 34, K. C. Abdulla 9, M. M. Mohiuddin 0, A. S. Kadar 2, F. I. Makwa 3, M. A. Latif 2, A. Dawoodkhan 0, M. A. Mirza 2, V. S. Lajmull not out 0, Extras 18, TOTAL 114.

BOWLING ANALYSIS: M. T. Rajkotwalla 13-4-29-1; G. Shroff 5-2-12-0; J. B. Khot 20.2-4-39-7, P. Pavri 12-4-14-1, J. Unwalla 1-0-2-0.

YOUNG ZOROASTRIAN C.C.: F. Peddar 20. K. Peddar 6, M. T. Rajkotwalla 92, J B. Khot 42, R. Bharucha 6, M. D. Irani not out 30, J. Shastri 5, Reht did not bat, Extras 7. TOTAL 208 for 5 wickets declared.

BOWLING ANALYSIS: F. I. Makwa 2-0-6-0; K. C. Kassam 10-0-44-1; M. A. Latif 13-1-58-1; M. M. Mohiuddin 8-0-26-2; V L. Lajmal 6-0-31-0; K. C. Abdulla 4.2-0-36-0.

ISLAM GYMKHANA 2nd Innings: E S. Maka 16, A. S. Kadar 6, A. Dawoodkhan 0, S. U. Kadri not out 17, V. S. Lajmal 19, M. A. Mirza not out 13, Rest did not bat. Extras 3, TOTAL 74 for 4 wickets.

Bowling Analysis: M. T. Rajkotwalla 10-3-27-0; G. Shroff 4-1-6-2; P. Pavri 5-1-8-1; J. Unwalla 9-1-30-1.

Dadar Union Sporting Club beat Fort Vijay Cricket Club by 111 runs on the first innings at the Kennedy Sea Face.

DADAR UNION S.C.: M. R. Amladi 6, P. K. Kamath 55, V. V. Nerurkar 2, K. R. Panjri 41, M. K. Mantri 51, S. M. Shankar 8, K. V. Palwankar 15, A. P. Divecha 9, N. S. Tamhane not out 24, R. M. Parulekar 0, V. R. Amladi 2, Extras 7, TOTAL 220.

BOWLING ANALYSIS: H. G. Kapadia 12-1-22-2; K. C. Mashruwalla 25.2-3-106-5; S. S. Balgi 20-2-74-2; Natrajan 2-0-13-0.

FORT VIJAY C.C.: S. P. Shah 2, S. P Bhatia 6, Khichadia 17, H. G. Kapadia 17. K C. Mashruwalla 4, S. S. Balji 18, C. P Shah 26, R. G. Asher 4, M. P. Mehta 0, Natrajan not out 9, M. P. Mistry 2, Extras 4, TOTAL 109.

BOWLING ANALYSIS: V. R. Amladi 5-0-13-1; S. M. Shankar 14-6-19-3; M. K. Mantri 3-1-8-0; R. M. Patankar 21-4-47-2; K. R. Panjri 14.2-8-18-4.

Sunder Cricket Club beat Gowd Saraswat Cricket Club by 46 runs on the first innings at Cross Maidan.

SUNDER C.C. 1st Innings: G. S. Wagh 9, V. Dias 5, S. W. Sohoni 7, D. G. Phalkar 25, Y. B. Palwankar 2, Aly Abraham 32, M. H. Fezi 13, T. K. Kothari 18. B. G. Patel 10, S. V. Nadkarni 0, M. S. Kharwa not out 1, Extras 2, TOTAL 124.

BOWLING ANALYSIS: M. M Dalvi 16-4-35-3; U. A. Mundkur 2-1-4-0; V. M. Ajgaonkar 12.5-2-34-5; S. A. Nadkarni 10-0-42-1; R. V. Gawaskar 2-0-7-0.

..GOWD SARASWAT C.C. 1st Innings: G. J. Dabholkar 0, P. R. Dalvi 16, M. D. Telang 3, S. D. Telang 4, M. M. Dalvi 27, D. V. Kadbet 0, D. B. Prabhu 0, S. A. Nadkarni 9, U. A. Mendkar 17, R. V. Gawaskar 0, V. M. Ajgaonkar not out 1, Extras 1, TOTAL 78

SUNDER C.C. 2nd Innings: G. S. Wagh 1, V. Dias 18, S. W. Sohoni not out 39, D. G. Phadkar not out 54, Extras 5, TOTAL 117 for 2 wickets declared.

BOWLING ANALYSIS: M. M. Dalvi 4-1-8-1; U. A. Mundkur 9-1-43-1; V. M. Ajagaonkar 4-1-12-0; S. A. Nadkarni 4-0-49-0.

GOWD SARASWAT C.C. 2nd Innings: G. J. Dabholkar not out 26, P. R. Dalvi, M. M. Dalvi 6, D. V. Kadbet 7, U. A. Mundkur 30, V. M. Ajagaonkar not out 14, Extras 0, TOTAL 85 for 4 wickets.

..Jolly Cricketers beat National Cricket Club by an Innings and 66 runs at Cross Maidan.

JOLLY CRICKETERS: M. L. Apte 46, R. R. Chandorkar 10, V. P. Shah 9, U. M. Merchant 43, M. N. Raiji 1, K. H. Jobanputra 10, V. N. Raiji not out out 34, V. M. Pandit 23, V. P. Pandit 5, A. J. Dossa 2, V. K. Jhaveri 0, Extras 21, TOTAL 185.

BOWLING ANALYSIS: N. M. Parekh 15-1-52-2; V. M. Chandarana 15-3-42-2; D. T. Kotian 13-1-58-2; S. L. Patil 13-4-31-4

NATIONAL C.C.: 1st Innings: V. M. Chandarana 0, B. D. Desai 8, M. S Shetty 9, Kher 0, S. L. Patil 8, M. S. Naik 16, N. M. Parekh 5, D. T. Kotian 0, Extras 3, TOTAL 49

BOWLING ANALYSIS: V. K. Jhaveri 7-2-18-3; V. N. Raiji 7-2-12-1; K H. Jobanputra 6-0-16-3.

NATIONAL C.C.: 2nd Innings: V. M. Chandarana 0, B. D. Desai 9, M S. Shetty 2, Kher 0, S. L. Patil 8, M. S. Naik 38, N. M. Parekh 10, D. T Kotian 0, Extras 5, TOTAL 70.

BOWLING ANALYSIS: V. K. Jhaveri 1-0-4-0, V. N. Raiji 5-1-13-1; K. H. Jobanputra 5-0-15-2; V. P. Shah 1-0-10-0; M. N. Raiji 7-1-24-4.

Cricket Club of India beat P. J. Hindu Gymkhana by 8 wickets and one run on the first innings.

P. J. HINDU GYMKHANA: R. V. Bhajekar 6. L. B. Kenny 0. S. N. Mehta 16. S. M. Dandekar not out 52, R. S. Mahajan 7, K. M Bhatia 13, G. S. Naik 0. S. G. Shinde 7, L. R. Nangrekar 0, J. V. Parasram 3, N S. Shakroo 4. Extras 6. TOTAL 114.

BOWLING ANALYSIS: K. K. Sanjana 4-0-16-1; G. R. Sunderram 4-3-3-0; G S. Ramchand 18.2-1-38-4; S. P. Gupte 20-1-48-5; Taufique Hussein 2-1-3-0.

C.C.I. Madhu Amersey 3, J. Dadyseth not out 42, K. Bose 39, V. L. Manjrekar not out 31, rest did not bat. Extras 0, TOTAL 115 for 2 wickets.

BOWLING ANALYSIS: J. Parasram 3-0-10-0; N. S. Shakroo 8-1-23-1; S. N. Mehta 6-3-6-0; S. G Shinde 11-1-37-1; K M. Bhatia 6-1-17-0; G. S. Naik 4-1-10-0; L. B. Kenny 3-10-12-0

DIVISION "B"

New Hind Sporting Club 1st Innings 63 (G. L. Patel 12, P. R. Vasta 17; B. G. Govadia 5 for 24, M. P. Golvala 3 for 11 runs). 2nd Innings 48 (P. R. Vasta 25, D. Shani 15; D. F. Bhada 9 for 16, B. J. Govadia 1 for 2 runs lost to Pars: Cyclist Sports Club: 1st Innings 85 (D. Mody not out 39; M. K. Sathe 6 for 35, D. Thakur 3 for 30); 2nd Innings 29 for no loss (B. Daruwalla not-out 19) by ten wickets and 3 runs.

Khar Gymkhana: 1st Innings 13 (G. M. Guard 5 for 9 runs, J. C. Roach 2 for 2;; 2nd Innings 49 (R. Ram not out 17; C Bhesadia 5 for 7 runs, R. Temkar 2 for 14) lost to Bombay City Police Club 138 (V. Phadnis 44, R. Temkar 22, J. C. Roach 18, G. M. Guard 22; J. Palwankar 4 for 43, S. Edekar 4 for 45) by an innings and 76 runs.

Sind Hindus Sports Club 113 (P. R. Punjabi 24, Lekhraj 19, Dharamdas 17; Champak 3 for 33, J. N. Koli 2 for 18, K. C. Ahmed 2 for 18) beat Brothers' Club 82 (P. K. Rao 39, S. V. Shah 15; Dharandas 4 for 27, Jethanand 2 for 12, P. R. Punjabi 2 for 22) by 31 runs on the first innings.

I. H. F. TEAM TO KENYA CHOSEN

Babu Of U. P. Appointed Captain

CALCUTTA, Sept. 10. (PTI).

The Indian Hockey Team to tour East Africa next December was announced here today.

The selection committee of the Indian Hockey Federation at its meeting held at Broadway Hotel selected the hollowing players to compose the touring team:-

GOAL-KEEPRS:- K. Dessa Muthu (Mysore) and Sardar Meher Singh (Patiala);

BACKS:- Wahiuddin (Railways), R. S. Gentle (Bombay), D. Pal (West Bengal);

HALVES:- Claudius (Bengal), G. Pereira (Bombay), Hussainali (U. P.), Perumal (Bombay);

FORWARDS:- C. S. Dubey (West Bengal), K. D. Singh Alias Babu (U. P.), Jagdish Singh Alias Kaka (Delhi), Hardyal Snghgh (Services), Gurbachan Singh (Delhi) Rajgopal (Mysore) and Siva Prakasam (Madras);

STANDBYS:- Goalkeeper—Captain Mohanala (Maharashtra), Back—Swaroop Singh (Faridkot), Halfback—Trilok Singh (Delhi), Forwards—Pillay (Maharashtra) and L. Fernades (Bombay).

The committee recommended K. D. Singh (Babu) to captain the team.

Members of the selection committee present were:- Mr. P. Gupta (Chairman) R. D. Bhalla (Secretary), M. J. Vakil (Bombay) and C. R. Redd: (Madras).

FORT SCHOOL 'A' WIN ASHOK SHIELD

Karnatak Football In Bombay

BOMBAY, Sunday

Bombay Fort School "A" won the Ashok Shield by defeating Mother India School "B" by odd goal in three in the final played this evening at Oval before a large crowd.

The winners scored both the goals during the first half through Narayan Poojari, Sunder Shetty and N. K. Amin and Mother India replied by a single through N S. Moorthy.

It was an equal and keenly contesting match throughout and K. G. Bangera the inside right and Subbaya Shetty the centre half of the winners put up a grand show.

Earlier National "F" beat Bombay Fort "B" by odd goal in extra time and Shree Krishna "B" defeated Jai Hind "C" by 4 goals to 1 in the Puthli Cup.

French Racing Motorist Killed

TOULOUSE, Sept. 10 (PTI-Reuter):

The French racing driver Raymond Sommer was killed today in the Grand Prix of the Haute Garonne near here.

He was at the wheel when the BRM broke down on the starting grid.

Regulation Of Commodity Exchanges

EXPERT COMMITTEE'S REPORT TO CENTRE

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

BOMBAY, Sunday.

THE Expert Committee on the Futures Markets (Regulation) has made its report to the Government of India. The Report, inter-alia says:—

This will be the first occasion in India when the problem of regulating commodity exchanges will be tackled on a country-wide basis. Apart from a widespread realisation of the need for such regulation, the precise form which such regulation should take and the limits up to which it should proceed are matters to which sufficient thought has not yet been devoted in this country.

Among the State Governments, Bombay is probably the only one which has had any experience in regulating the working of commodity exchanges. The experience of the Central Government is limited to the administration of the bans imposed on forward trading during the war and the early post-war period. It is one thing to ban, and quite another to regulate.

REGULATION

Regulation is a difficult job, involving a careful and unbiassed consideration of the needs and requirements of each trade to be regulated, and the customs, usages and practices obtaining in that trade. Having regard to the past experience of controls in this country, and the general apprehension in the business community that the administrative agencies entrusted with controls are not sufficiently equipped for the task, the Committee feels that, at this stage, Government will do well to exercise the necessary regulation mainly by prompting the maximum amount of self-government on the part of trade itself. In some of the trades to which this measure will be applied, there already exist powerful associations having considerable influence with all the important sections of the trade, and one of the primary objectives of this measure should be to maintain and enhance the authority of such associations, limiting Government intervention only to extreme emergencies.

Secondly, the fact has to be faced that the psychological atmosphere in this country is at the moment not too favourable to controls, necessary though they are in the present circumstances, and this new scheme of regulation may further shake business confidence, and thus hamper economic recovery, unless it is so framed as to evoke the maximum possible co-operation from the business community. One of the cardinal principles of this legislation must, therefore, be to cause the minimum invonvenience to legitimate business activitiee.

Thirdly, much will depend on the administrative arrangements which will be made to implement this legislation. The arrangements must be such as will enable speedy and effective action to be taken in emergencies, and must at the same time provide sufficient safeguard against arbitrary or ill-informed action. Even where there is no difference of opinion about the existence of an emergency, several alternative remedies may be available to deal with it, each of which may have serious financial consequences for individual sections of the trade, and it is important to ensure that no one section will have an opportunity to influence the choice of remedies in a manner which will be prejudicial to the interests of the trade as a whole. The Committee's approach to this measure has been guided by these important considerations. The Committee has also taken due note of the social aspect of this problem, as may be seen from its recommendations with regard to the prohibition of options and the conditions under which a member can act as a principal a non-member.

SCOPE OF BILL

The Committee has given careful consideration to the scope of the Bill, particularly with regard to the classes of forward contracts which it should cover. Forward contracts are mainly of three kinds: Futures contracts, transferable specific delivery contracts and non-transferable specific delivery contracts. Futures contracts have in practice certain distinguishing characteristics of their own, though, in formal appearance, there may be very little to distinguish them from transferable specific delivery contracts. The Committee felt, however, that if futures acts were defined with reference to such characteristics, and the scope of the Bill limited to such contracts, there was a possibility of transferable specific delivery contracts being used as future contracts for all practical purposes, with a view to evading the law. Indeed, in many trades, transferable specific delivery contracts are used for ordinary, non-speculative, commercial transactions. It has been represented to the Committee that in the jute trade, in particular, specific delivery contracts in respect of both raw jute and jute manufactures, are more often than not, performed by issuing transferable delivery orders.

The Committee considers, however, that since the exclusion of such contracts from the scope of the Bill may lead to evasion in most of the trades, while their inclusion may be found unnecessary only in a few trades, the proper course would be to include such contracts as a rule, but to provide for their exclusion in special cases, where Government are satisfied about their special conditions, and for such period as may be necessary. Non-transferable specific delivery contracts are in a different category, since such contracts cannot normally be used for speculative purposes. Here also, the Committee's attention has been drawn to instances in which speculation is reported to have taken place or to be taking place, on the basis of non-transferable specific delivery contracts.

INCONVENIENCES

However, the Committee considers that it would cause serious inconvenience to trade, and make normal trading practically impossible, if such contracts are not exempted from the restrictions applicable to contracts of other two varieties. The Committee has, therefore, come to the conclusion that while the scheme of regulation envisaged in this Bill should apply to futures contracts and transferably specific delivery contracts, Government should have the power (a) to exempt transferable specific delivery contracts, where there is positive evidence that their exclusion from the scheme has encouraged practices likely to defeat the purposes of this Bill.

As it is not proposed in the Bill to regulate stock exchanges on the same lines, the Committee has not examined the applicability of the provisions of this Bill to stock exchanges.

NATURE AND MAGNITUDE

Considering the nature and magnitude of the problems which will need to be tackled, the Committee does not think that co-ordination through one of the existing Government Departments will meet the requirements of the case, and the Committee accordingly recommends that a special body, to be called the Forward Markets Commission, be established for the purpose by the Central Government. The Commission should consist of a Chairman and two members, one of whom should be an officer of the Government of India in the Ministry of Commerce, and the other having wide experience of the organisation and working of forward markets in the country. The establishment of such a Commission will have certain other advantages. The Bill empowers Government at its own initiative to take certain types of action in emergencies, namely, withdrawal of recognition, promulgation of a new bye-law, suspension of forward trading and supersession of a recognised association. Such action may, at times, cause serious dislocation in the trade concerned, and may, in any case, entail heavy losses or gains for individual sections of the trade. In view of the general apprehension in business circles that the administrative agencies in this country are not sufficiently well-informed in this matter, the Committee thinks that any such action at the initiaive of Government would prove more acepable, if it carried with it the concurrence of an independent body which commands the confidence of the business community.

The Committee holds that it is a sine qua non of the successful working of any forward market that recognised standards should exist for the commodity concerned. In the case of cotton, there are standards which are internationally known and which are results of over 50 years' experience. There are many commodities for which no such standards yet exist and considerable work will have to be done by both Governmental and trade agencies before realistic standards which will do justice to producers and consumers, are established for such commodities. The Committee therefore recommends that in the case of every commodity which is to be the subject of forward trading and for which no satisfactory standards exist, Government should require such standards to be established within a specified period and assist the trade concerned in evolving such standards. Government should also encourage every organised trade to establish licenced warehouses. Further more, before granting recognition to any association, for the purpose of regulating forward trading in a commodity, Government should satisfy itself that the association is in a position to exercise effective control over the trade concerned.

VITAL MATTERS

There are certain matters which in the opinion of the Committee are of such vital importance in the ensuring the proper working of the commodity exxchanges in India that the Committee feels that every recognised association should be called upon to provide for them in its bye laws. These matters are:

1. Penalty should be prescribed for any contravention of the bye laws by a member of the association.

2 The bye laws should provide for a well considered scheme of margins. Over-trading is the bane of forward markets in India and one effective way of preventing it is by requiring every member to take margins for its customers against their purchases or sales. The association should lay down the rate of margins from time to time.

3. Every member of the association should be required to subject to the association daily reports of the business done by him.

4. Clearings should take place at least at fortnightly intervals.

5. The bye laws should provide that every member of the association shall be bound to furnish such information and explanation, and to produce such books relating to this business as the Governing body of the association may require.

The term 'forward contract' has been so defined as to include non-transferable as well as transferable specific delivery contracts.

The maximum period of delivery has been extended from seven to eleven days

RECOGNITION

In order to facilitate control, the Committee has recommended that recognition should be accorded to a limited number of associations, one in any commodity in anyone area. The Government, it has been provided, should nominate one member on his own behalf and not more than three members on behalf of interests not directly represented on any association. Instead of the power to examine the books of the members of the association, the committee has suggested empowering the government to call upon the recognised association to furnish information or explanation or institute any inquiry in relation to its own affairs or those of its members, and associate one or more representatives of its own with such enquiry.

The Committee is of the opinion that options should be prohibited by the Act itself. The Committee lastly does not consider it necessary to prescribe the penalty of forefiture of property nor would it hold every director, manager, secretary, agent or other officer of a corporation responsible for the offences committed by the corporation.

Air Mail Service

TOKYO, Sept. 10 (PTI-Reuter).—Quantas Empire Airways have begun to fly first direct airmail service between Australia and Japan.

U. S. "GOOD" INTENTIONS TOWARDS ASIA

Rusk Restates Policy

OHIO, Sept. 9 (PTI-Reuter).

THE United States seeks freedom, equal partnership, security and material well-being for Asia, Mr. Dean Rusk, United States Assistant Secretary of State for Far Eastern affairs, said here tonight.

Addressing a convention of American veterans of the second world war, Mr. Rusk restated American purposes in Asia. These were, he said "freedom; the people of Asia organised and governed by institutions of their own making and by men of their own solidly upon mutual consent".

PEACE OF SECURITY

"Equal partnership the nations of Asia actively participating as full and equal members of the international community on the basis of agreed principles set forth in such great documents as the charter of the United Nations.

"Securtiy; the nations of Asia secure from aggression, whether by armed attack or by the insidious methods of penetration and subversion.

"Peaceful settlement; The nations of Asia settling their disputes among themselves by peaceful means and throwing their full support to the efforts of the United Nations to maintain peace on the basis of law and justice.

"Material well-being; Development of their resources, lifting of their standard of living, rapid increase in mutually beneficial trade."

U. S. AIM

"Cultural; Exchange a rich interchange of cultural values.

"Good neighbours; friendly association with the American people and our Government across a wide range of political, economic and cultural relationships".

Obstacles in Asia included poverty, lack of capital, plant and technical knowledge, unaccustomed responsibilities for their own affairs, political inexperience, military weakness and suspicion of Western ways.

"America seeks no territories, no special privileges, no special position", he added.

"We shall act in our own interest, but we have long since determined that our interest lies in the conduct set forth in the Charter of the United Nations and in joint action with others to pursue its purposes."

ABOUT FORMOSA

Mr. Rusk said the United States would insist on the cessation of hostilities between Formosa and the Chinese mainland and would support the peaceful settlement of the Formosa problem by international action. "We must make it clear that we shall take a serious view of acts of aggression which might be set in motion in the mainland of China on behalf of a Communist conspiracy and that we shall not accept the right of any clique in China to preside over the dismemberment of China for the benefit of Soviet imperialism", he declared.

Referring to American hopes for full and equal participation by the nations of Asia in the family of nations, Mr. Rusk said the time had come to move toward a Japanese peace settlement. The American Government would support membership in the United Nations for Ceylon, Indonesia, Nepal and the Republic of Korea.

U. S. To Control Export Of Iron products

WASHINGTON, Sept. 10 (PTI-Reuter): American export controls will be reimposed on classifications of iron and steel products from midnight on September 30, the Department of Commerce announced today.

The controls will apply to all export destinations except Canada as a step towards protecting domestic supplies of products important to American defence efforts, the Department said.

The iron and steel products were removed from the control list last March when domestic supplies of most iron and steel products were adequate and no sudden sharp increase was expected in requirements for military purposes.

INTERNATIONAL BANK ELECTIONS

Pakistan To Contest

PARIS, Sept. 10 (PTI-Reuter).—Pakistan will seek election to the Board of Executive Directors of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development when new elections to the Board take place here on Thursday, it was learned here today.

The tenure of directorship for non-permanent members is two years.

The original and permanent "Big Five" are the United States, Britain, France, China and India.

Pakistan became a member of the Fund and the Bank on July 11 this year.

PAKISTAN WANTS A LOAN

Mr. Eugene Black, President of the World Bank, called on Mr. Ghulam Mohammed, Finance Minister of Pakistan, last evening and was understood to have discussed with him the future policy and the activities of the Bank.

The Dominion is understood to have asked the Bank for a loan of about 80 million sterling.

Strange Logic!

SINGAPORE, Sept. 10 (PTI): The President of the Singapore Regional Indian Congress Mr. G. Sarangapany, said today that the Malayan Federal Government was playing into the hands of Communist propagandists by its decision to leave it to the State and Settlement Government to determine whether toddy shops should be reopened in the estates.

Mr. Sarangapany said that in the days before July 1948, when the Reds ruled Malayan labour unions, they did everything they could to prevent labour consuming toddy. In many cases the Communists set up their own "courts" to "judge" "drunkards and mete out punishment. There were instances when the entire labour force of an estate swore not to take a drop of toddy.

"At a time when Indian labour in this country wants total prohibition of toddy, for the Government to re-introduce it will give the Communists a fine chance to work up an agitation in the minds of the working class", add Mr. Sarangapany.

ALIENS IN FRANCE DEPORTED

150 People Taken To Some Part In N. Africa

PARIS, Sept. 9 (PTI-Reuter). The French cruiser "George Leygues" sailed from Toulon today for "some port in North Africa" with 150 aliens detained by police in their nationwide drive against "fifth columnists" which began on Thursday. Many others were expected to be expelled soon. Arrests continued today. The latest was a Pole, at Montceau Les mines, near Dijon.

Before this arrest, a Ministry of the Interior announcement said that 404 warrants of expulsion had been signed. Of these, 288 had been served and 100 could not be served "because the people concerned were already abroad".

The 150 who left France in the 'Georges Leygues' today brought the total of actual expulsions since Thursday to 285. The Ministry's statement disclosed that since the start of the drive 123 Aliens had been "taken to the Eastern frontiers", and 12 more had been "sent back to Italy"

POLISH PROTEST TO FRANCE

Action Against Aliens Criticised

LONDON, Sept. 9 (PTI-Reuter): The Polish Government has handed a protest against "persecutions and reprisals" against Polish emigrants in France to the French Charge d'Affairs in Warsaw, Warsaw radio announced tonight.

On September 7 the French Government arrested 266 foreign Communists and prepared to deport them as "fifth columnists".

The Polish protest placed "full responsibility" for the action on the French Government.

INDIAN LAWYER FINED

Passport In A False Name

MOMBASA, Sept. 10 (PTI-Repter): A young Indian lawyer, Mr. Menher Prabhulal Deeshri, was fined £50 here for securing a passport for another Indian in a false name.

He had attempted to mislead the police with an uncompleted form, the Magistrate stated.

The other Indian concerned was sentenced to four months' hard labour.

TRUMAN'S CALL TO AMERICANS

Work Hard & Produce More Defence Goods

ALL OUT EFFORT TO PRESERVE FREEDOM IN THE WORLD

WASHINGTON, September 10 (PTI-Reuter).

PRESIDENT TRUMAN in a broadcast to the nation last night called on the American people to produce more defence goods by working harder and longer hours. He called for a "Pay As You Go" programme to meet the cost of the increased defence effort with higher taxes, and announced the creation of a stabilisation agency to hold prices in check during war emergency or to impose price controls when needed.

President Truman announced that United States defence expenditures would be stepped up to an annual rate of at least 30,000 million dollars by next June from the present level of 15,000 million. "In the year after that we shall probably have spent much more than the 30,000 million dollars", he said, "and we must be prepared to maintain a very strong defence programme for many years to come.

"This defence programme cannot be achieved on the basis of business as usual. All of us must give up some of the things we would ordinarily expect to have for ourselves and our families. The danger the free world faces is so great, we cannot be satisfied with less than an all out effort by everyone.

"We have not given up our goal of a better life for every citizen in this great country of ours. But, for the time being we have to make absolutely sure that our economy turns out guns, planes, tanks and other supplies which are needed to protect the world from the threat of Communist domination.

3 TOUGH PROBLEMS

"To do this we must meet and solve three hard, tough problems. First, we must produce the materials and equipment needed for defences.

"Second, we must raise the money to pay the cost of increased defence efforts.

"Third, we must prevent inflation."

Calling on business for increased production facilities, Mr. Truman said the United States productive ability was now producing at an annual rate approaching 275,000 million dollars and the goal of 300,000 million dollars he set last year for 1954 would undoubtedly be far surpassed. He said it was impossible to get all the needed military supplies from expanded production alone and therefore, to the extent necessary, the manufacture of some civilian goods would have to cease.

TOP PRIORITY FOR DEFENCE

To ensure defence orders were given top priority, Mr. Truman announced that he issued to exercise the new defence production powers contained in the Bill he signed on Friday.

The law gives the Government the power to prevent hoarding essential raw materials and enables the Government to cut down on production of non-essential civilian goods that use critical materials.

Defence production powers will be co-ordinated by the Chairman of the National Security Resources, Mr. U. Stuart Symington.

Mr. Truman said he directed the Government agencies to exercise these powers vigorously and promptly to make use of every resource of American business, large and small.

HEAVIER TAXES

The President said the only sensible way to pay for increased defence was the plain, simple direct way out of taxes.

"This means heavier taxes for everybody", he said.

"It will mean a hard fight against those unpatriotic people who will try by every possible means to make exorbitant profits out of the emergency and escape their fair share of the load, but we can and will win the fight."

He said the law now under consideration in Congress to increase Corporation and Individual Income Taxes by 5,000 million dollars annually was only the first instalment. He urged further tax legislation as soon as possible and tax inclusion of a "just and fair Excess Profits Tax."

NO EXCUSE FOR RISE IN PRICES

Mr. Truman said there was obviously no excuse for price increases where costs had not risen. Where costs had risen, there was equally no excuse for price increases beyond the amount of the rise in cost.

Mr. Truman said the guiding principle for wage earners must be not to ask for wage increases beyond what was needed to meet the rise in living costs.

He added the Government did not propose putting on mandatory ceilings at this time but these would be imposed vigorously and promptly when the situation called for them.

He announced he had signed an executive order (yesterday) requiring businesses to preserve records of prices and costs during the base period May 24 to June 24 in order to set ceilings at fair levels.

The President said that the administrators of the Economic Stabilisation Agency being set up would guide voluntary efforts to hold down inflation and it would be his task to find out where and when price and wage controls were needed.

GENERAL CONTROLS SOON?

Mr. Truman said he could not be sure that the new law permitted the effective use of selective controls and, as a result, the Government might have to resort to general controls before they were really necessary.

He described the present rent controls as ineffective and called on State and Local Governments to take the necessary steps.

"We will undoubtedly need further legislation as we go along later", the President said. "Right now there is work enough and responsibility enough for all of us. Our goals are plain; we must produce the goods that are needed; we should pay for defence as we go. We must hold the cost of living steady and keep down the cost of defence items.

"We can and must submerge petty differences in the common task of preserving freedom in the world.

"Today, spurred by the world-wide menace of Communist imperialism, we can surpass every previous record. I am certain the American people, working together, can build the strength needed to establish peace in the world."

K.M.T. TROOPS IN BURMA

Remnants Being Mopped Up

RANGOON, Sept. 10 (PTI-Reuter) Burmese forces are mopping up remnants of Chinese Nationalist troops still in Burmese territory, it was officially announced here yesterday.

The statement contradicted press reports that these troops, who had crossed from the south-western Chinese Province of Yunan into Burma's most easterly State of Kengtung last March 1, had returned to China.

Reports have appeared in the press in Bangkok and possibly elsewhere that all Kuomintang (Chinese Nationalist) troops who were in Kengtung State have evacuated to Yunnan, the statement said. "So far as the Union Government is aware, none of the Kuomintang troops who retreated to the Taehilek have withdrawn into Yunan.

On the capture of Taehilek by the Government troops, the remnants of the Kuomintang troops dispersed into the hills and jungles southwest of Taehilek along the border between Burma and Thailand". Further operations are being conducted with a view to mopping up the remnants of Kuomintang troops still in Burmese territory".

K.M.T. Hold Up British Ship For 44 Hours

HONG KONG, Sept. 9 (PTI-Reuter): A British-owned vessel seized by the Chinese Nationalists was held up 44 hours until the skipper signed a document pledging not to try to run the Nationalist blockade of the South China coast, the crew said here today after the ship's arrival.

The crew said the ship the "Elsie Moller". 555 tons, arrived outside Amoy, west of Formosa, on September 4 when a Nationalist warship appeared and ordered her to stop. While the order was being obeyed, the warship fired machinegun bullets over the ship. The "Elsie Moller" was then ordered to go to Quemoy where she was held until skipper F. Anderson signed the document, the crew said. Then the vessel was released. She returned here last night.

BURMA DELEGATES TO U.N. ASSEMBLY

RANGOON, Sept. 10 (PTI-Reuter).—The Burmese delegation to the United Nations General Assembly will leave for Lake Success by air next Friday, it was understood here last night.

The list of delegates had not been announced but it was expected that the Minister of Health, will lead the delegation. This is expected to consist of Justice U. Aung Khine, Member of the United Nations Eritrean Commission who has just returned to Rangoon, U Kya Bu, Parliamentary Secretary to the Minister for the Shan States and another member of Parliament representing the Shan states.

It is understood that Daw Khin Kyi (widow of the assassinated Prime Minister Aung San), who is Director of the Women and Children's Welfare Department, accompanied by Health Director Dr. Tha Mya, and his Deputy will leave for Colombo shortly to attend the South-east Asia Health Conference opening there on September 20.

7 Killed In House Collapse

SWANSEA, Wales, Sept. 10 (PTI-Reuter): Seven people, 5 of them children, were killed when three houses collapsed here on Saturday.

Ten people were seriously injured. Bodies were recovered from the debris of bricks, furniture and kiddies toys.

The houses, on a main road with their backs to a slope, crumbled leaving only the front walls standing.

DOCKYARD BEAT AIR FORCE

Junior Rovers Cup Football

BOMBAY, Sunday

The senior combination of the Indian Naval Dockyard had to struggle hard before they scored 2-0 victory over Indian Air Force in the second round of the Junior Rovers Cup Football Tournament at the St. Xavier's College Gymkhana ground Parel, this evening.

Dockyard held a whip hand for the major part of the encounter and found it difficult to score due to the sound defence of I.A.F. and their crowding out tactics. Their custodian Ambrose was prominent as he was tested by a barrage of shots from all directions but was equal to all the calls made on him. The two goals which went past him were well directed and would have beaten a better custodian.

The Indian Air Force had sparodic raids into the rival territory but to no avail.

The game was played at a fast pace with Dockyard doing all the attacking. Four minutes after the start D. Choudry collected the ball from inside the panalty area and placed it right into the left corner of the net giving his side the lead. Thereafter they were all over the rival territory but the stubborn defence of I.A.F. kept them at bay and they crossed over with this lead.

On resumption they continued the pressure and midway through the second half Kennet LeFebour surprised the I.A.F. custodian with a hard drive which hit the cross bar and rebounded into the net.

Earlier, Khandoba Vijay easily accounted for Blue Wizards by four goals to nil in the same competition.

A good combined side Khandoba Vijay playing unshod under ideal condition were on top and easily scored two goals in each half through Jadhav (2), Naidu and Ganesh.

GEORGIAN CUP TOURNAMENT

In the first game of the evening, scoring the only goal of the match through Tambi, Parel Greenfield defeated Jai Bajranj in the Georgean Cup Tournament for scheduled cast only.

Cricket Club Of Pakistan

KARACHI, Sept. 9 (PTI)

Pakistan's Board of Control for Cricket at its meeing here today decided to set up in Karachi "a well equipped cricket club of Pakistan"

Mr. Nazirahmed Minister of Industries, Pakistan and president of the Board of Control for Cricket presided.

Details of the club as to selection of the site and plan of the structure have not yet been decided but it is expected the club will have greens and turf wicket, a stadium and quarters for visiting teams.

The Board will meet in Karachi on Friday next to discuss details of the proposed cricket club.

A PUBLIC PARK TO DO HONOUR

LONDON, Sept. 10, (PTI-Reuter): Jack Holden, 43 years old European and Empire Marathon champion has refused to have a bronze statue of himself erected at his home the little town of Tipton in Staffordshire.

When the local council suggested

When the local council suggested this to honour the fame and glory he had brought his home town, the modest little runner said he had a better idea.

Would the mayor agree to something less personal and which would please him much better? "I would prefer something that would make people happy" he said.

And so a public garden is to be laid out to commemorate the many brilliant performances put up by the local hero

INDIAN HOCKEY TEAM SELECTION A FARCE

NEW DELHI, Sept. 10 (PTI).

Mr. S. S. Dhawan, member of the Indian Hockey Federation governing body and secretary of Asian Games, in a statement made today says, "the selection of the Indian team to Kenya is fast becoming a farce. Without holding a single meeting of the selection committee, influential senior members of the I.H.F. have already selected the captain for the Kenya team when some associations have not, yet nominated their players for the team. Since the controversy regards selection has started the only way to settle it is to circulate to all provinces as to how the selection should be made

Beside keeping in mind the position of Indian hockey we should be careful in selecting teams even though they have to go on a good-will mission. In fairness to budding players and university lads if trials are not held nobody will ever know as to how they are shaping. The chairman of the selection committee of the Afghanistan team was surprised when two prominent university players from Bombay and Bangalore were omitted from the lists of players submitted by the associations.

This proves that if we do not have fair trials we will be missing our outstanding colts for the next international games. If we are not careful in handling hockey politics in India our positions as champions of the world is in jeopardy. What to say of 1956 for which we have not even thought of training our youth yet? In fairness to hockey in India I would request the authorities to make a democratic move in the administration."

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 18 April, 2017

The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B. 1065

India To Export More Tea To U. K.

MEASURES TO INCREASE HOME CONSUMPTION TOO

MADRAS, Sept. 10 (PTI).

INDIA and Ceylon would export 275 million pounds and 100 million pounds of tea, respectively, in 1951 to the United Kingdom, according to the recent agreement reached in Colombo, Mr. S. K. Sinha, Chairman of the Central Tea Board, told a press conference here today.

Mr. Sinha arrived here today by air from Colombo after attending the Indo-Ceylon tea talks.

Both India and Ceylon, he said, would not export to the U.K. more than the quantity required for her (U.K.'s) consumption, though she was given the right to choose the quality she desired.

Mr. Sinha said that it would be to the advantage of the tea-producing countries if the United Kingdom derationed tea when her annual consumption would mount up to more than 500 million pounds.

"U.K. being the biggest importer of tea, we wish her to raise her tea quantum from two ounces to 2½ ounces and then deration it altogether", Mr. Sinha said.

LARGEST PRODUCER

India, Mr. Sinha said, was the largest tea-producing country in the world with an acreage of 8,06,000 and an output of 575 million lbs. Out of that quantity, South India produced 100 million lbs. in 1951, he said, an additional 40,600 acres would be brought under tea cultivation.

The Government of India, he said, were determined to take every step to increase the importance of Calcutta and Cochin as world tea markets, by providing adequate warehouse and technical facilities.

Mr. Sinha said that no decision had so far been taken on the location of the headquarters of the International Tea Committee. It was, however, felt that the headquarters of the Committee should be located in one of the tea-producing countries.

The extent of damage to Assam tea gardens due to the recent earthquake, Mr. Sinha said, had not so far been correctly assessed. The damage was at first estimated at one per cent of the total produce of about 300 million lbs. According to latest reports, the damage was stated to be a "little more serious." Various sources estimated the damage between three and thirty million lbs.

Mr. Sinha said the Governments of India and Ceylon proposed to approach the U.K. Government to lift the present retail price control on tea in Great Britain which, he said, affected the auction price of tea in India and Ceylon.

He added that the Central Board would provide necessary amount in its next budget for starting a tea research institute in South India. It was also proposed to establish a similar institute in North Bengal later, he said.

PROPAGANDA

The International Tea Market Expansion Board, Mr. Sinha said, would shortly launch a million-dollar propaganda campaign in U.S.A. for popularising tea.

While the export of tea was an essential item in India's national economy, he said, the business was beset with some dangers. He referred to the adulteration of tea with black gram husk and avary leaves and leaf dust and said that the Central Board would take effective measures to check this menace to the trade.

As only 130 million lbs. of tea were consumed in India now annually, he said, the Board, with a view to intensifying home propaganda, had started propaganda sections, with headquarters at Madras and Calcutta under Deputy directors.

Pan-American Airways Service To India

WASHINGTON, Sept. 10, (PTI Reuter): Pan-American World Airways announced today that it would begin service on September 25 over the Transatlantic routes now operated by American Overseas Airplanes.

The sale of A.O.A. to P.A.A for 17,450,000 dollars was recently approved by President Truman and the Civil Aeronautics Board.

The company will continue its regular Transatlantic services to the Middle East, India, the Far East and Africa.

HIMALAYAS NOT ADVANCING

Press Correspondent's Tour Account

SHILLONG, Sept. 10 (PTI): There is little evidence in support of the opinion that the Himalayas are slowly eating into the plains. On the contrary plainsmen from the optimum-populated Ganges Valley, and not infrequently from the far off Indus Valley, are encroaching upon the hills with the aid of hillsmen in this frontier region of the sub-continent, writes a PTI staff correspondent who has lately toured the northern frontier of Assam along the foothills of the Himalayas.

Of course, the correspondent adds, it is not very likely that any such movements of the mountains will be evident to naked eyes, but the diverse peoples inhabiting this region, who have little respect for any such precision instruments, emphatically declare that they have broken through the barrier of nature and have taken away vast areas from "the enemy forces" of nature.

These industrious people have planted tea or sown paddy or jute on hill slopes as far north as possible and are not resting on their oars.

The controversy over the existence of any volcano is still raging here, despite the expert assertion that the earthquakes were "tutonic"—as distinct from volcanic—in origin. It is now firmly established that that booming sounds heard during and after the earthquakes were due to huge landslides, in which many tall hills were rent asunder. But no explanation has been advanced for the rumbling sounds like the stampede of elephants, heard by the people for four hours preceding the great earthquake.

The correspondent, however, says that those were probably due to small shrinkages earth's crust was undergoing before the great convulsion that night.

U.S. FOREIGN BASES PREVENT WAR

Dewey's View

SYRACUSE, New York, Sept. 9 (PTI-Reuter): New York State's Governor, Mr. Thomas E. Dewey, twice unsuccessful presidential candidate, said here he believed that only America's "foreign bases and foreign friends" were prveenting a third world war.

In a speech last night, Mr. Dewey declared "at all costs we must keep these friends. We cannot stay alive without them". He added that he had been told by "well-informed persons" that a third world war would break out this month. "I don't believe it," he said. "It is coming eventually" Governor Dewey announced.

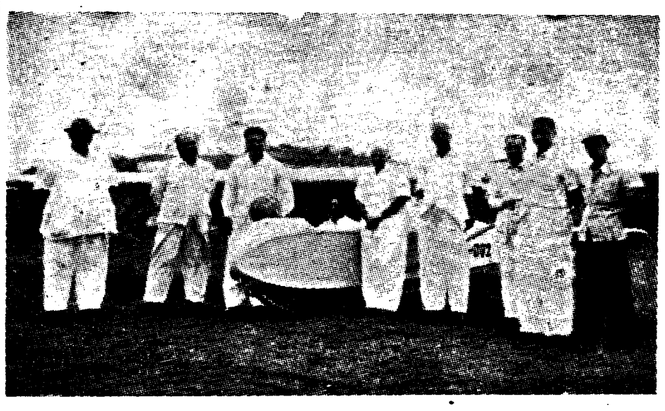
Died On Way To Dublin

DUBLIN, Sept. 9 (PTI-Reuter): A Lebanese delegate to the Inter-Parliamentary Conference here, Abraham Asam, died on the way to Dublin, it was announced at the conference yesterday.

King Gustav 'Tired And Weak'

STOCKHOLM, Sept. 9 (PTI-Reuter).—Ninety-two years old King Gustav of Sweden was still "tired and weak" today after his return to Stockholm yesterday from his summer residence, the royal physician Doctor Hjalmar Casserman said tonight.

At Poona Gilderdrome



Some of the members of the Air Transport Enquiry Committee, appointed by the Government of India, visited the Gliderdrome at Poona. Mr. F. Mascarenhas, Vice-Chairman of the Indian Gliding Association and Mr. F. H. Irani, Chief pilot intructor provided jogrides to the visitors.

U.N. ACTION IN KOREA RIGHT

J.J. Singh On What Europeans Feel

NEW YORK, Sept. 9 (PTI-Reuter): Sardar J. J. Singh, President of the India League of America, returned here today by air from a six weeks' tour of Europe studying the political situation relating to India, the United Nations, and the United States.

Mr. Singh said that in visits to Britain, Norway, Sweden, Denmark, Germany, Switzerland and France he had found that Europeans were not accepting the "Communist propaganda line that puts the Korean war in the light of an imperialist effort by the United States".

Europeans were generally of the opinion that the United Nations action in the Korean situation "is absolutely correct and moral", he said. The showdown in Korea had eased tension in West Berlin, he asserted, and "Berliners are no longer afraid of aggression from East Berlin". Mr. Singh added that Europeans were of the opinion that "Russia does not want a big war now and is not prepared to fight a big war".

MALAY REDS' CAMPS BOMBED

Villagers Drive Off Band Of Raiders

SINGAPORE, Sept. 10 (PTI-Reuter): Royal Air Force bombers today attacked suspected Communist camps in the Johore jungle of Malaya for the second day in succession.

Lincoln bombers yesterday carried out a "blanket" bombing of the area Today "brigands" roared in to the attack.

In Perak villagers rushed out with their knives yesterday to drive off a band of raiders. It was the second time in a week that villagers had defended themselves against attack. Two of them were slightly injured.

A British soldier, seriously injured during a fight with terrorists in Johore on Tuesday, has since died.

Mr. J. P. Dunn, Manager of the Shanghai Pahang Estate in the Bentong area of Pahang, who was wounded on Saturday afternoon when terrorists ambushed his car died in Kuala Lnmpur hospital this morning.

HE WANTS REDS TO STAY ON

'United Germany' Move

BERLIN, Sept. 10 (PTI-Reuter). Herr Wilhelm Koenen, Secretary General of the East German "National Front" declared today that Soviet occupation troops must not be withdrawn from Germany before a United Germany is established".

Writing in the official Soviet newspaper "Taegliche Kundschau" Herr Koenen said the National Front aimed to form an all German Government.

Only such a government would be authorised to conclude peace treaties with the Allies and until it existed no peace settlement can be made, he said.

U.K.-EGYPTIAN TALKS ON STERLING

Some Minor Changes

ALEXANDRIA, Sept. 10 (PTI-Reuter).—Britain and Egypt will start negotiations in November for a long-term or permanent settlement of Egypt's sterling balances, it was officially announced here today.

In view of this agreement, and purely as a temporary measure, the 1949 financial agreement between the two countries will remain in force until the end of 1950, with the exception of certain articles, the announcement said.

Under the agreement, signed in Alexandria today by Mr. Leonard Wright, British Treasury representative, and Dr. Tewfik Younes Bey, Egyptian Under-Secretary for Finances, Britain has agreed to facilitate the supply to Egypt of petrolium products up to a value of 7,500,000 sterling during 1950.

"The two Governments have agreed that imports from the United Kingdom during a full year, might reach a total value of 52 million sterlings of which 43 million might be essentials", the statement said.

GERMAN REDS DEFY BAN ON MEETINGS

Ten Arrested

FRANKFOURT, Sept. 10 (PTI-Reuter).—German police arrested ten Communists here today after breaking up a banned procession with a baton charge.

The Communists tried to break through a police cordon to march to a memorial for the victims of Nazism. Police banned the demonstration last Friday.

At Nuremburg last night the demonstrators, shouting "friendship with the Soviet Union" and signing the international broke up a meeting by Dr. Thomas Dehler, West German Minister for Justice.

Taiwan Bandits Stabbed Egyptian Diplomat

HONGKONG, Sept. 10 (PTI-Reuter).—The New China (Communist) News Agency in a Peking message today said the Egyptian embassy attache in Nanking, Butos Abadir, was stabbed four times last Sunday by "terrorists from Taiwan" (Formosa).

The report added that Abadir's condition was still critical. Three men entered the Egyptian diplomat's residence to "borrow travelling expenses from foreign residents in order to return to Taiwan", according to the message, which quoted Nanking security authorities. Abadir was stabbed when he struggled with the trio, the message said.

ZAFRULLAH MEETS ITALIAN MINISTER

LONDON, Sept. 10, (PTI-Reuter): Pakistan's Foreign Minister Sir Mohamed Zafrullah Khan and Italian Labour Minister Achille Marazza have held talks on subjects including the possible emigration to Pakistan of Italan hydroelectric technicians and irrgation specialists, Rome rado reported.

The radio which said the talks were held "in an atmosphere of great cordiality" added that the two Minister expressed hopes for even closer cooperation between the two nations.

Inviting Red Chinese To UNSEC

AMERICAN DELEGATION TO OPPOSE MOVE

LAKE SUCCESS, Sept. 10 (PTI-Reuter).

THE American delegation to the United Nations declared yesterday it would oppose inviting Chinese Communist representatives into the Security Council next week when Formosa and alleged American bombings in Manchuria are discussed.

Mr. Ernest Gross, Deputy United States Delegate, told reporters that although his Government would not agree to having Chinese Communists in the Council, it would welcome any Fact Finding Commission appointed by the Council.

The Peking Government has declared that it will not allow any Investigation Commission from the United Nations to enter Manchuria as long as Chinese Communist representatives are barred from the Security Council.

The Council meets on Monday to take up the Peking Government's complaint that American planes bombed Manchuria.

Mr. Jacob Malik, Soviet delegate to the Council, has insisted that before the bombing question is discussed, the Council must decide whether to let a Peking delegate take part.

Mr. Cross said today that his "personal view" was that the Council would not vote to admit a Communist representative. He thought the necessary majority of seven would not be forthcoming.

NORWAY BACKS RED CHINA

OSLO Sept. 9 (PTI-Reuter): Norway in principle favoured Communist China being allowed representation in all United Nations organisations, Foreign Minister Halvard Lanoi declared in a newspaper interview today.

Norway has recognised the Peking Government.

BRITISH LIBERALS' SUPPORT

LONDON, Sept. 9 (PTI-Reuter): The British Liberal Party Council today in a resolution stated it considered "the decision taken by the United States Government alone to the use of military measures with regard to Formosa has led to misunderstanding and confusion among eastern peoples".

"It might", the resolution nadded, "lead to an extension of the area of hostilities". The resolution said, the Council, therefore, urged the British Government "to press for the representation in the United Nations of that Chinnese Government which the British Government now recognise, and likewise urges that the action taken by the American Government with regard to Formosa should be submitted to the United Nations for its approval or modification.

"The resolution began by saying the Council supported the prompt decision of the United Nations to condemn the flagrant aggression of North Korea" and the Security Council's decision "to use military forces in repelling the invaders".

DISTURBANCES IN WIRELESS SETS

LONDON, Sept. 10 (PTI-Reuter):—The erratic behaviour of wireless communications since early in the week is at present limited to the northern hemisphere, signals from various parts of the world tend to show.

Sunspots are primarily blamed. Sun spot activity reaches its maximum in eleven-year-cycles. This is the eleventh year, and it seems likely that wireless may go through a considerable period of capricious working before the sun spots no longer interfere. The spots are responsible for magnetic disturbances and also adversely affect weather, both factors tending to cause reception to deteriorate.

Electricity, humidity, high winds, hurricanes, and earthquakes, are thought likely to upset reception. There has been a serious earthquake in Assam lesser earth tremors in Europe. Hurricanes are reported from the West Indies and Japan. Britain has been swept by wild gales, unusual for the time of year.

ATTLEE DENOUNCES 'ENEMY WITHIN'

LONDON, Sept. 9 (PTI-Reuter):—Prime Minister Clement Attlee today denounced "the enemy within" and warned that Communists could rule trade unions, capture co-operatives and wreck the Labour Party. All that, he said, was done by every active small minority—often very small minority acting against the wishes of the majority.

Mr. Attlee who was addressing a Labour Party rally said: "Communists have one great ally—the indifference and slackness of the majority". Mr. Attlee referred to Britain's recognition of the rights of the nations and to "giving of freedom" to the nations in Asia to "take their place in the democratic world." The Government also recognised how necessary it was that the people of Africa should march forward, he said.

KOREAN SCHOOL IN JAPAN RAIDED

25 Arrested For Anti-U.S. Propaganda

TOKYO, Sept. 10, (PTI-Reuter): One-hundred policemen raided a Korean primary school in Kobe yesterday and arrested 25 Koreans suspected of disseminating anti-American propaganda, the Kyodo News Agency reported here today.

Printing machines, documents and leaflets were removed from the school building.

The leaflets, it was stated detailed points for Communist attack in the event of an insurrection.

E. Berlin Starts A Fund For N. Koreans

BERLIN, Sept. 10 (PTI-Reuter): The East German Communist dominated "National Front" had set up a "Korea Committee" to campaign for East German help to North Korea.

A special "Korea account" has been opened at the East Berlin city treasury into which East Germans can contribute money for aid to the North Koreans.

French Conscripts' Service Extended

PARIS, Sept. 9 (PTI-Reuter): The French Cabinet decided last night that conscripts due for release on October 15 must be held back for three months, extending their service from a year to 15 months.

The decision strengthens the French forces by 100,000 men. France recently decided to extend the period of compulsory service to 18 months.

Two More Elements Found In U. S.

OXFORD, Sept. 10 (PTI-Reuter): The laboratories of the California Institute of Technology have produced two new chemical elements, making a total of 100 now known to science, an American delegate for the atom scientist conference said here today.

The scientists refused to allow his name to be used, saying the discoveries were the result of group work at the institutes laboratories.

Name for the new element is centurium.

Entry Permits Refused

VIENNA, Sept. 9 (PTI-Reuter).—The Russians have refused to grant entry permits to West Germans to visit the International Fair which opens here tomorrow, Herr Marek, the Fair's General Director declared tonight.

Total Eclipse Of Sun Will Be Visible In N.E. Siberia

LONDON, Sept. 10 (PTI-Reuter).—A total eclipse of the sun will be seen in some areas of Cape Chukotsi, north-eastern Siberia, on September 12, a few minutes after 2.0 p.m. local time, according to Moscow radio.

Bad weather conditions, the radio said, made it improbable that the eclipse would be sufficiently clear to warrant a special scientific expedition to the area, but scientists would watch from other regions of Siberia where a partial eclipse would be seen.

A total eclipse in this area occurs only once in about 250 to 309 years, Moscow radio said.

IN A CHINA SHOP

By Taurus

I FORMED during the week-end an insignificant unit in a very exclusive gathering where a Very Important Person (second grade) held forth on what was expected of the people. He began with the statement that there was need for great caution in the "emergency through which we were passing." This has become a stock phrase of all who have any occasion to address any appeal to the public or any section thereof.

But my neighbour who had partly succumbed to the sultry weather, suddenly came to life and asked me what had happened. He felt that there was no emergency or, at any rate, there had been none when he dozed off, and he wondered whether any new development had been revealed whilst he slept. When his neighbour on the other side and I, both embarrassed by the loud tone in which he spoke, assured him that nothing had happened to worsen the situation, he looked relieved. He said in a lower voice that it was wrong of the VIP to raise an unnecessary scare by using the word.

I have since found out what was wrong: It is not the word "emergency" that was out of place but the phrase "that we are passing through." After a careful scrutiny of speeches and official utterances during the past three years, it is difficult for me to ignore the fact that it would be more correct to say "the emergency at which we have got stuck".

But that is a digression. The VIP had gone far ahead whilst we were loitering over his opening remark. He was telling us how he wanted us to act in the emergency. From all that I could gather—it was naturally well phrased and elegantly expounded—the people, and particularly that part of it that is vocal, must be both self-controlled and critical. They should not do anything to make matters worse but at the same time they should be prepared to find things getting much worse.

Naturally as the speech was a long one, this principle was applied to all the problems of the day and the day after. I was duly impressed because essentially I am a simple fellow. But my company was rather sceptical.

Some of the more cynical even interpreted it to mean that it was nothing more than a dirction to the line. And whilst they exhibited the critical faculty in abundance, they were certainly far from being self-controlled.

Others, the more "respectable and responsible", were so self-controlled that they tried feebly to check the critics and then lapsed into silence, leaving an impression that only restraint held them from being more critical than the critics themselves.

All in all, the net result was the very reverse of what the VIP had sought to achieve. I am not a political animal; I am, I repeat, a very simple fellow. But if this is what I felt on leaving the hall, you can imagine what the others would have felt.

As this was not an isolated instance but a symptom of a general disease that has seized the whole country, I was rather perturbed. I know it is not my business but it strikes me that, if those, who have held this view and ignored politics, gave up this attitude, something better might well result. At any rate, the politicians might profit by a dose of their mixture of self-control and criticism.

Mr. C. E. Vulliamy who has a happy knack of unearthing old diaries and letters and using them to enliven a dreary past, has a particularly neat piece in "Edwin and Eleanor" from the diary of Edwin, an estimable householder with artistic leanings of the eighteen fifties. "A fellow can be as poor as he pleases," writes Edwin, "and yet retain the dignity and honesty of a gentleman. As a matter of fact, I have known persons who endured poverty in the genteelest way imaginable; it was a pleasure to see them. But it's different with a man in business. He floats on a sea of corruption. He stinks of plunder. Forward in fraud, he thinks only of cheating those who are trying to cheat him in their turn That is business. He knows jolly well that honesty is not only the worst of all policies, but is altogether impossible in the ordinary transactions of trade." Edwin himself was a man whose father hd left him sufficient capital to indulge his whims. Otherwise, he would not have talked of a fellow being as poor "as he pleases". A hundred years ago could not have been so similar in all else to today but just dissimilar on this one point.

Sabotage At Colombo Power Station

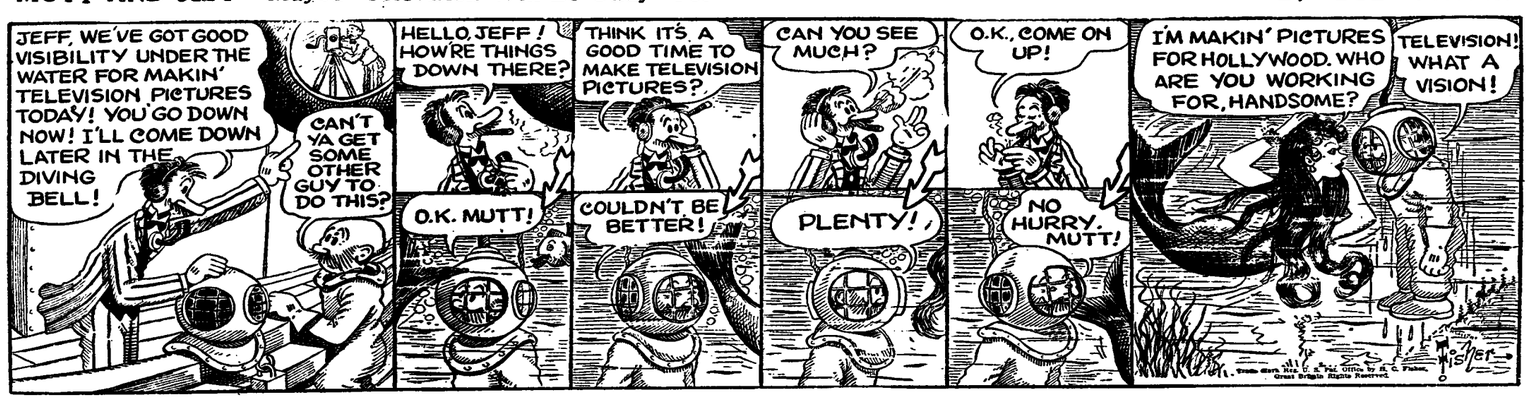
COLOMBO, Sept. 9, (PTI-Reuter): Police have been called to investigate two minor cases of suspected sabotage at Norton Bridge hydro-electric station, 80 miles from Colombo.

Supervising engineers discovered cotton waste plugging oil pipes leading to an alternator bearing. Had this not been spotted in time it might have caused the bearing to melt

In a second incident a high pressure valve had been tampered with. experts said this would have caused considerable damage to the power house had it not been detected.

MUTT AND JEFF—Maybe Television Will Be Okay Yet

By BUD FISHER


JEFF, WE'VE GOT GOOD VISIBILITY UNDER THE WATER FOR MAKIN' TELEVISION PICTURES TODAY! YOU GO DOWN NOW! I'LL COME DOWN LATER IN THE DIVING BELL!
CAN'T YA GET SOME OTHER GUY TO DO THIS?
HELLO, JEFF! HOW'RE THINGS DOWN THERE?
O.K. MUTT!
THINK IT'S A GOOD TIME TO MAKE TELEVISION PICTURES?
COULDN'T BE BETTER!
CAN YOU SEE MUCH?
PLENTY!
O.K., COME ON UP!
NO HURRY, MUTT!
I'M MAKIN' PICTURES FOR HOLLYWOOD. WHO ARE YOU WORKING FOR, HANDSOME?
TELEVISION! WHAT A VISION!

Printed and Published for the Bombay Chronicle Co., Ltd., by MICHAEL ANDRADES at the Bombay Chronicle Press, Red Building, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort Bombay Edited by S. NATARAJAN.